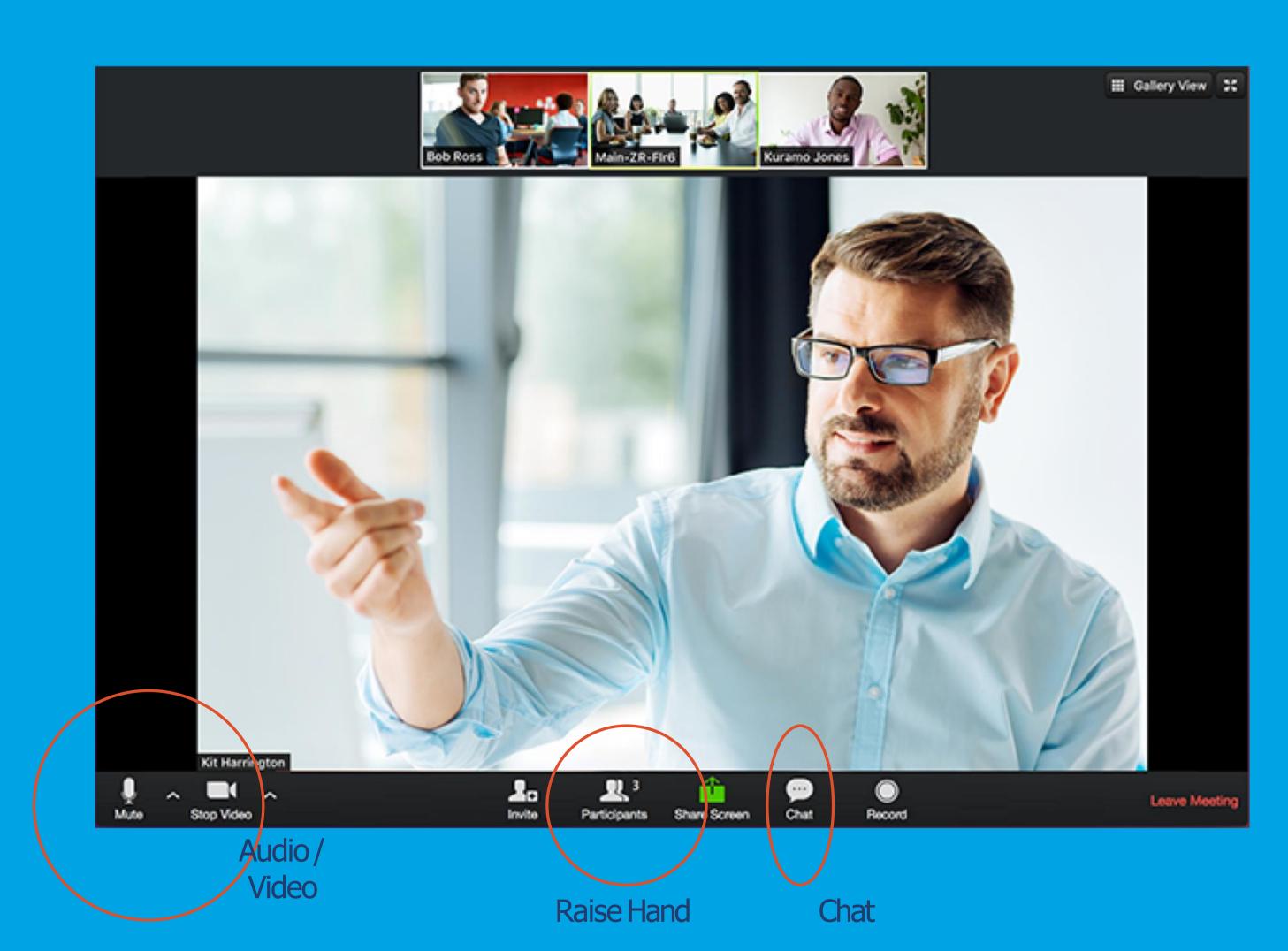


Agenda

INTRO / ABOUT SCENARIO PLANNING 20 min. Presentation, w/Chat 15min. **COVID-19 SCENARIOS** Presentation, w/ Chat, Q&A 20min. PRACTICE, INPUT AND KEY CONCEPTS Presentation, w/ Chat, Q&A 15 min. **TOOLKIT GOALS AND WALKTHROUGH** Presentation, w/ChatQ&A 10 min. **QUESTIONS AND WRAP-UP** Live Q&A

Housekeeping - Using Zoom

Best to usespeaker view, not gallery view



About Scenario Planning





The New York Times

Opinion

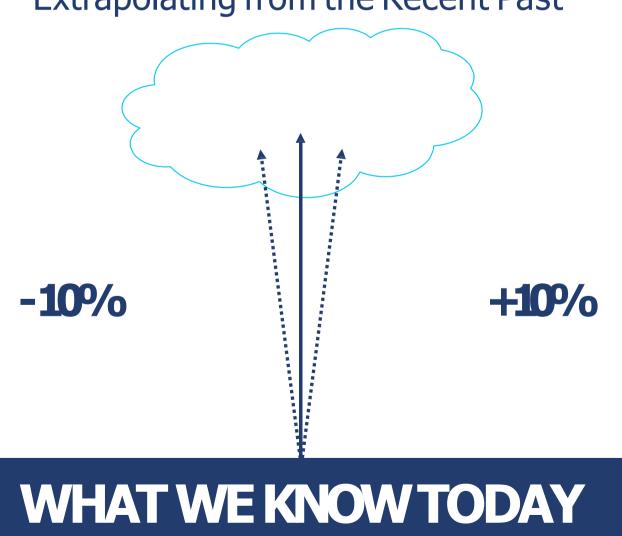
Covid-19, Confusion and Uncertainty

It will be a difficult road back to any kind of normal living.

Scenarios acknowledge a wider uncertainty... about what business you will need to be in

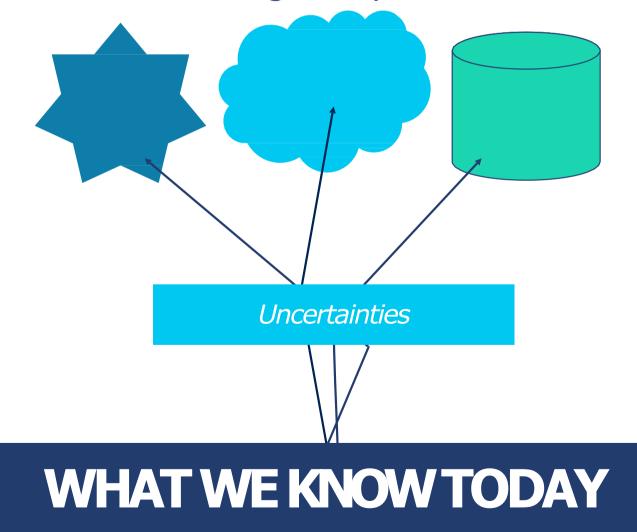
FORECAST PLANNING

Extrapolating from the Recent Past

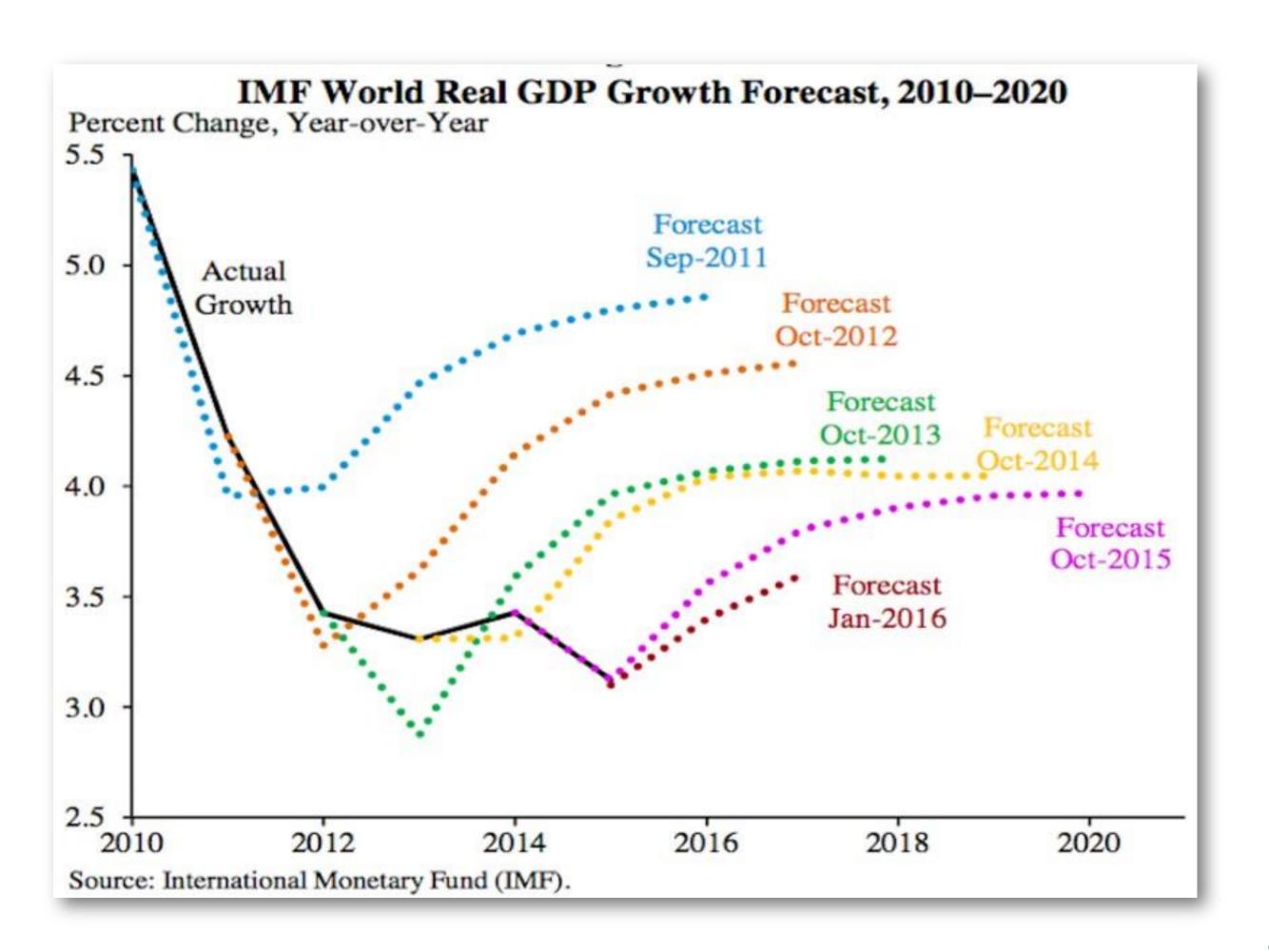


SCENARIO PLANNING

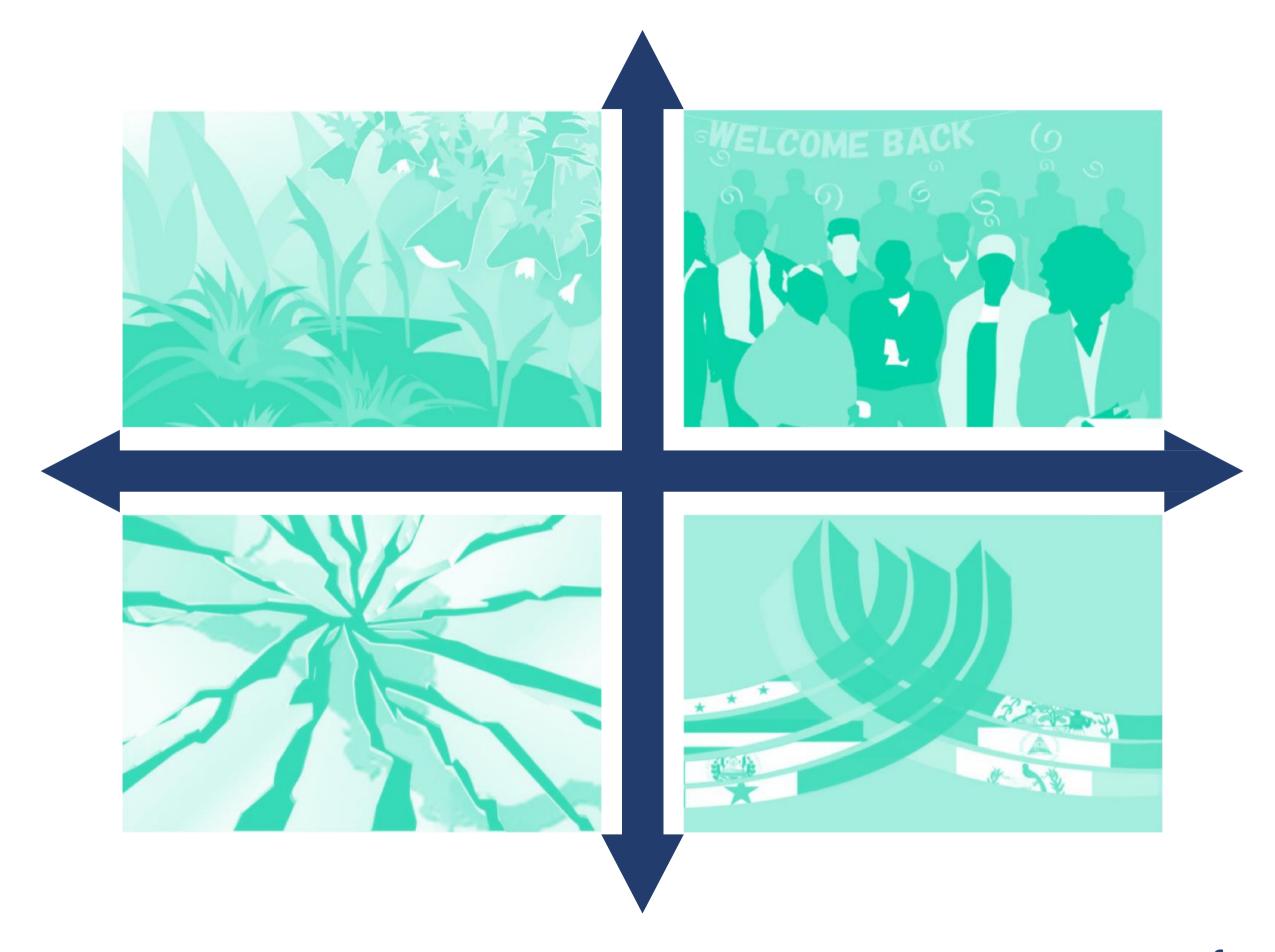
Envisioning Multiple Futures



The perils of prediction



Scenarios map the plausible range of stories



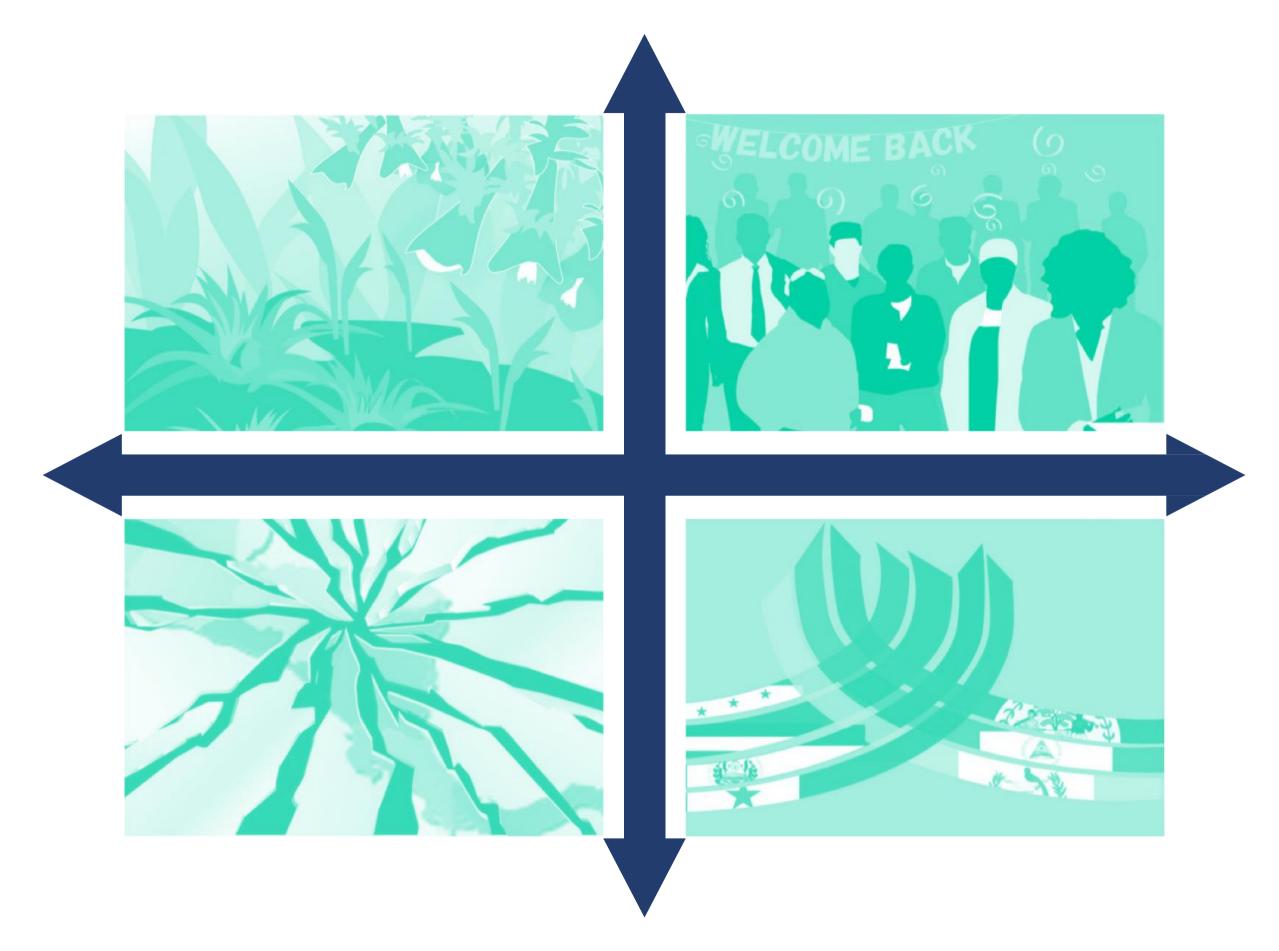
Scenarios map the plausible range of stories

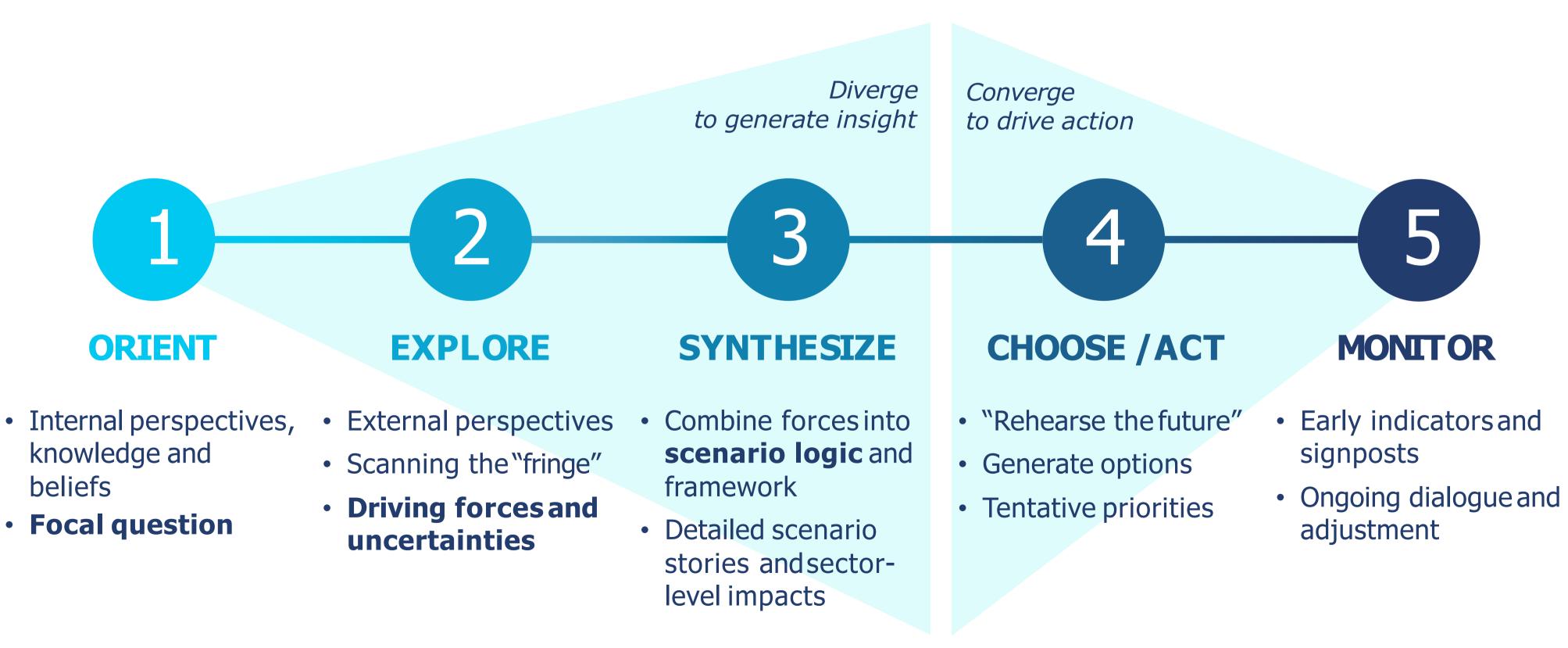
External conditions

Multiple hypotheses / acknowledge uncertainties

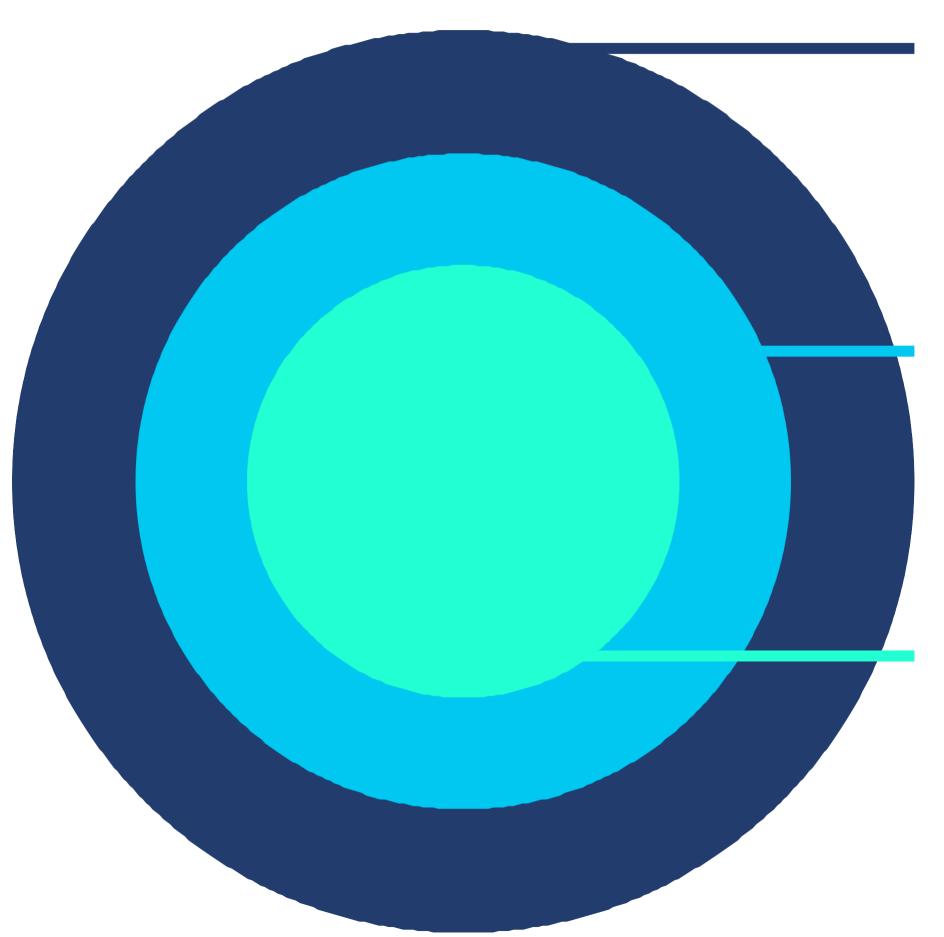
Imaginative, but plausible

Holistic





We getthere by thinking outside-in



CONTEXTUAL ENVIRONMENT

- Social change
- Technology advances
- Economic shifts
- Environmental trends
- Political developments

COMMUNAL DYNAMICS

- Constituent needs / financial status
- Donor capacity and interests
- Partner developments
- Relevant policies
- Enabling capabilities

ORGANIZATION

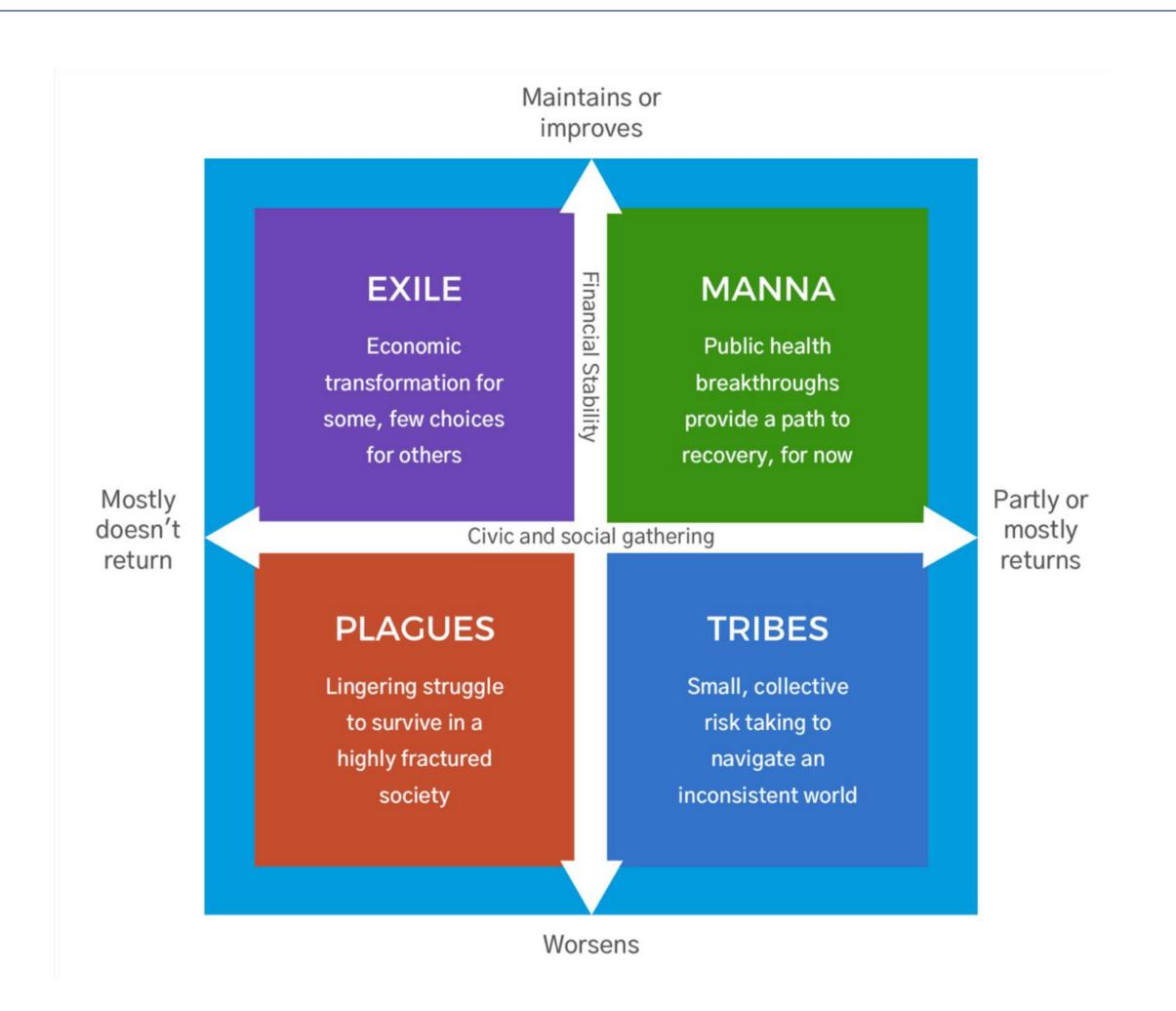
- Services and programs
- Assets and capabilities
- Leadership
- Relationships
- Reputation
- Operations and infrastructure

Key building blocks for diverse scenarios: Critical Uncertainties

Aspect of a force of change (i.e. STEEP), or a response to a force of change, that

- 1. Has the potential to move in *multiple directions* (i.e. uncertain)
- 2. Has an *unusually high, distinct* impact on future conditions (i.e. important)

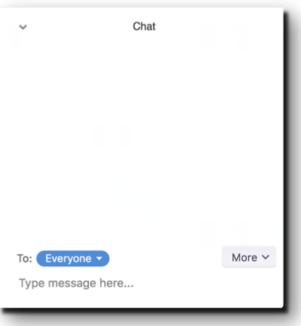
Example scenario framework



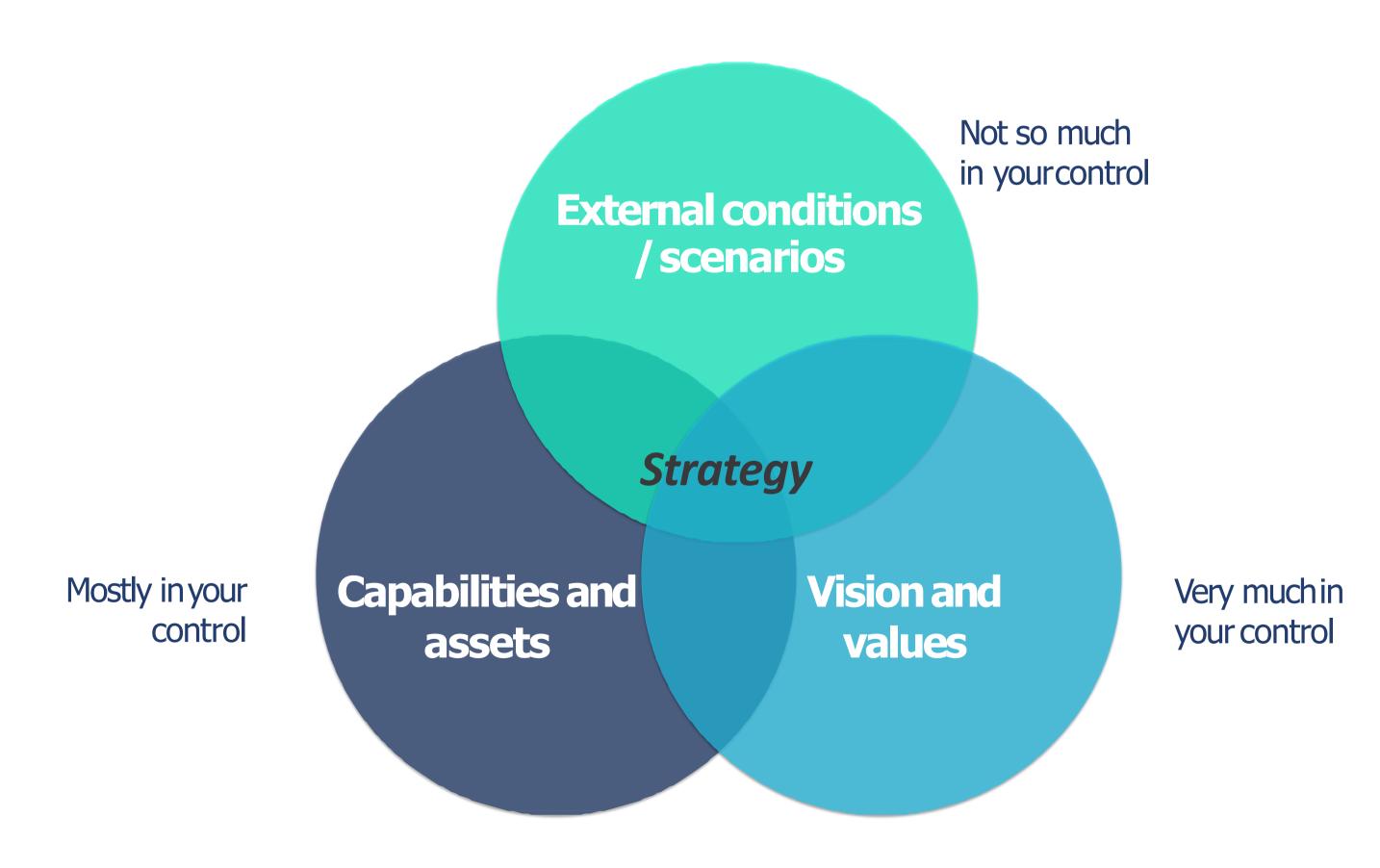
Reply in Chat:

Questions about scenarios in general?

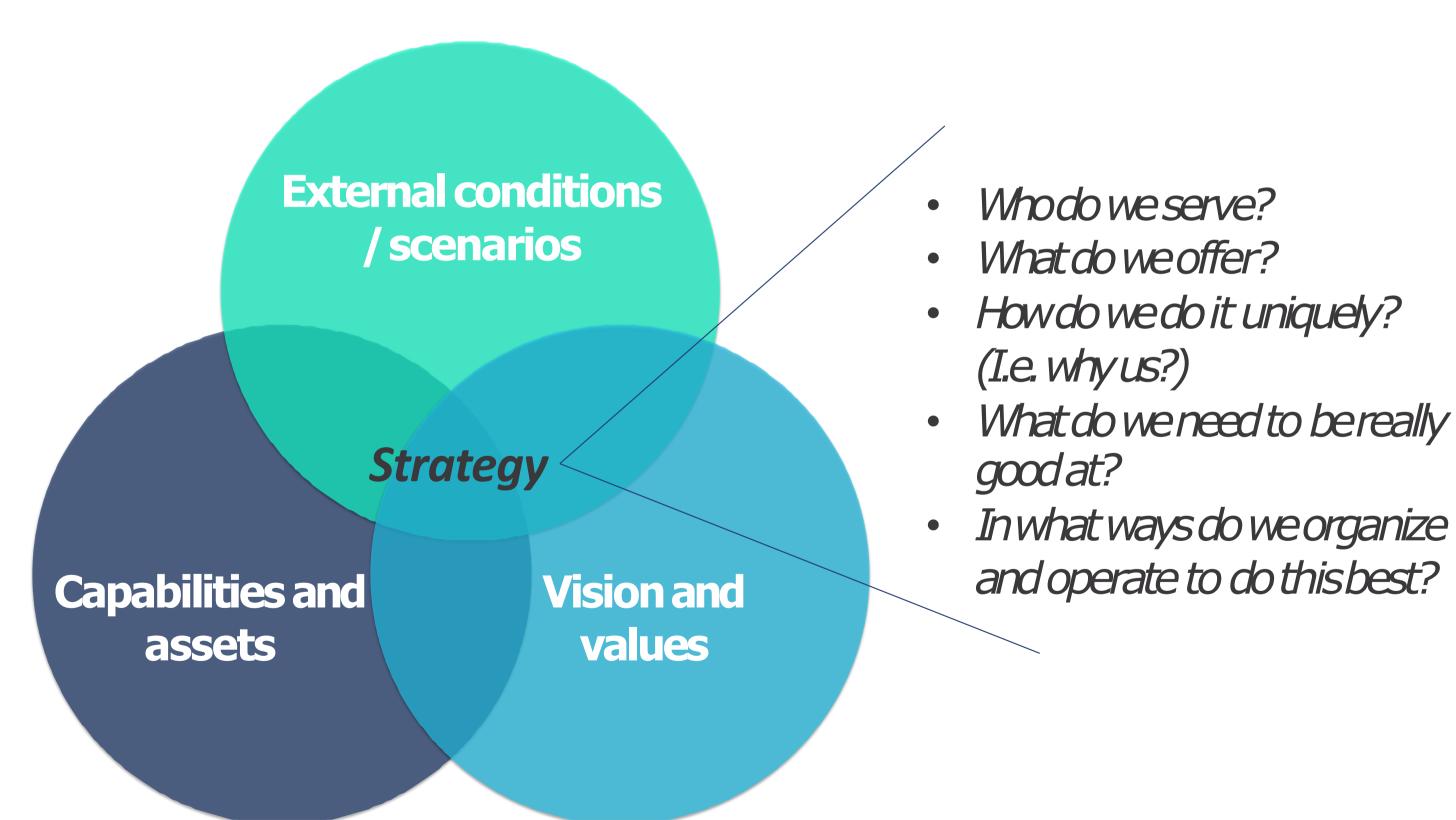




Where scenarios fit in creating strategy



Where scenarios fit in creating strategy

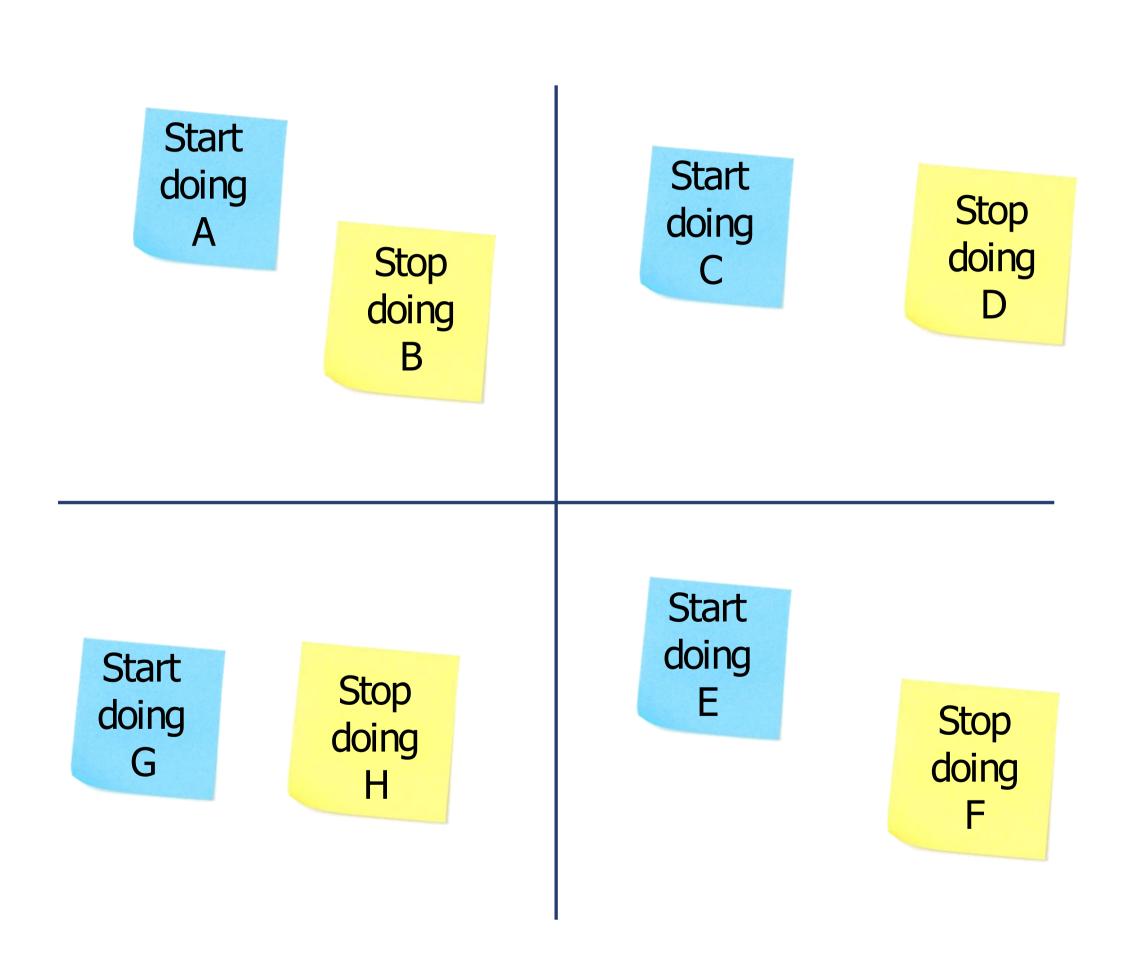


Rehearsing the future

Given our vision and values,

and given our capabilities and assets,

what mightwe....

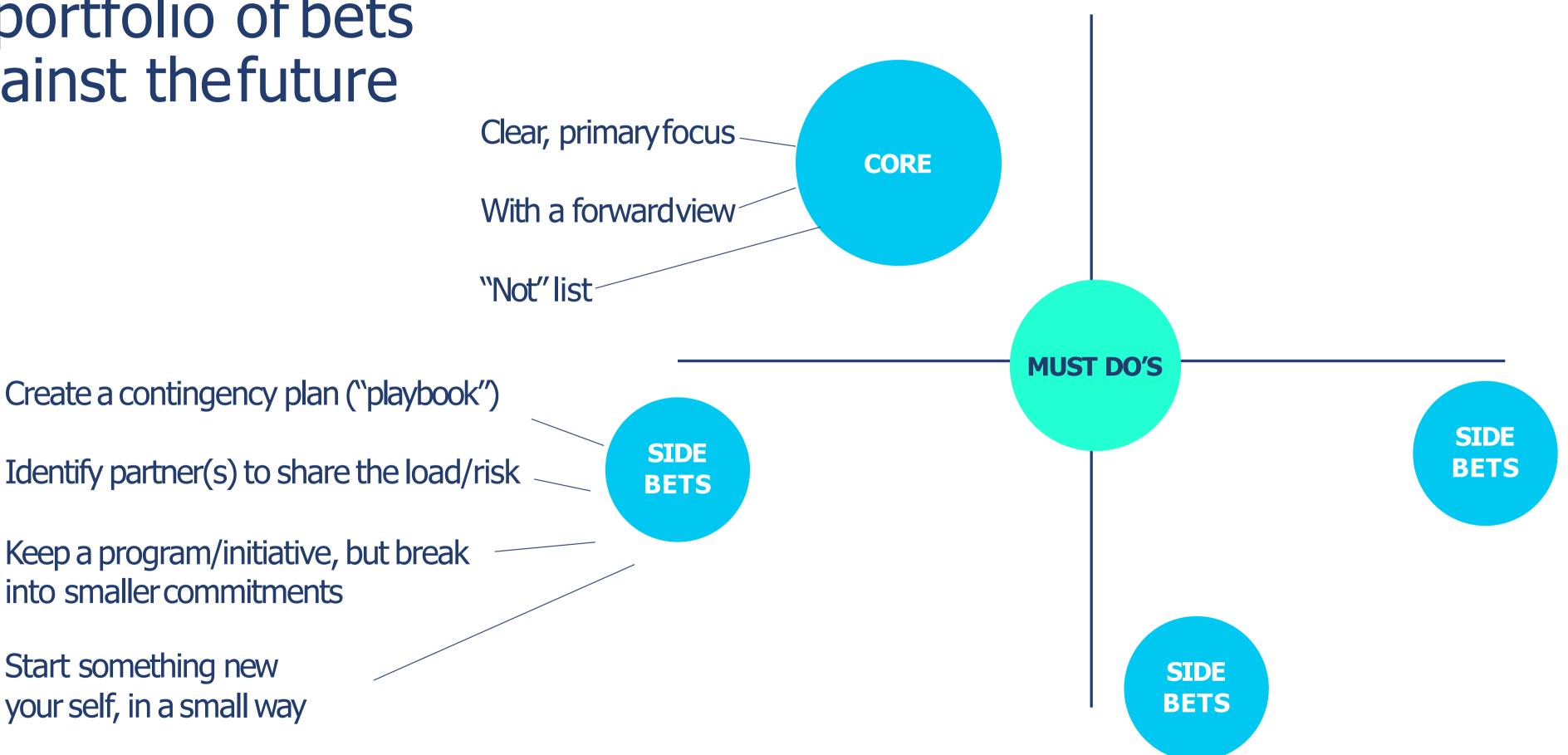


A portfolio of bets against the future

into smaller commitments

Start something new

your self, in a small way



You will choose how best to adapt

ACT IN ANTICIPATION

Early Indicators



RESPOND QUICKLY

Clear Evidence / Event



You will choose how best to adapt

ACT INANTICIPATION

Early Indicators



Most individual orgs



Clear Evidence / Event



Reply in Chat:

Questions about planning for multiple futures?



COVID-19 Scenarios

How we got to our scenarios

Focus: What might the lives of our stakeholders look and feel like in the next 24 months?

- "24 months"
- Some operational, but more strategic questions
 - Less of "How do we re-open for high holidays?"
 - More of "What else can we do with our buildings?" "Dowe need to do more outside the building"

How we got to our scenarios

What might the lives of our stakeholders look and feel like in the next 24 months?

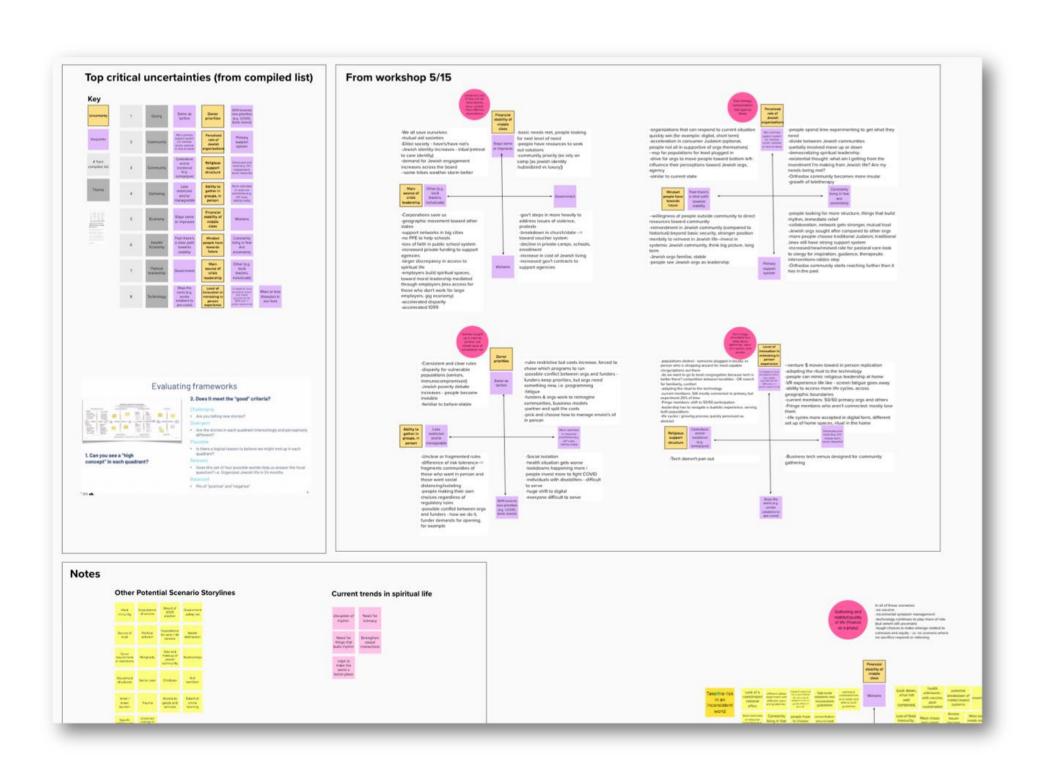
In order to help us think about...

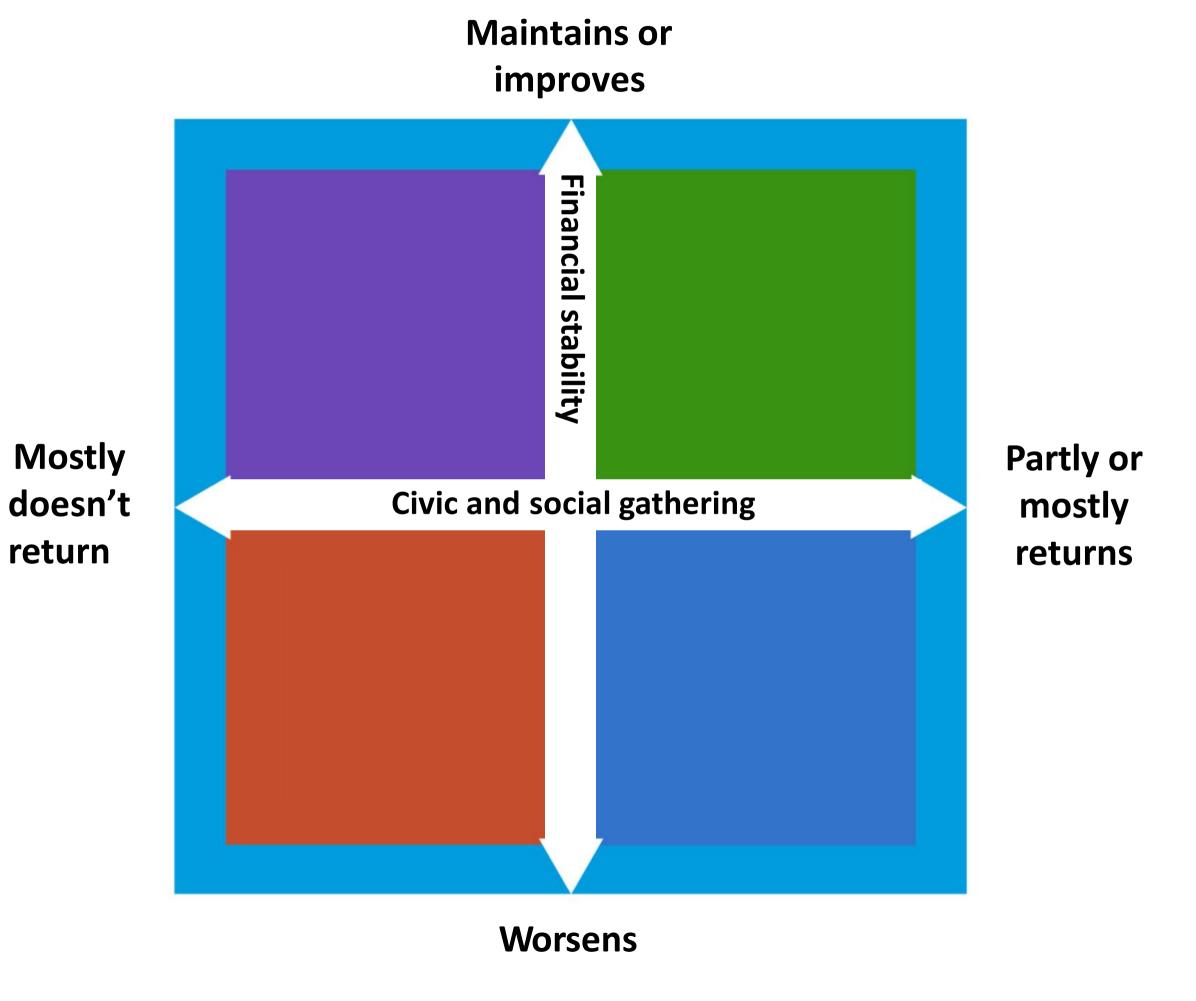
What <u>could</u> organized Jewish life look like in the next 24 months, given each scenario?

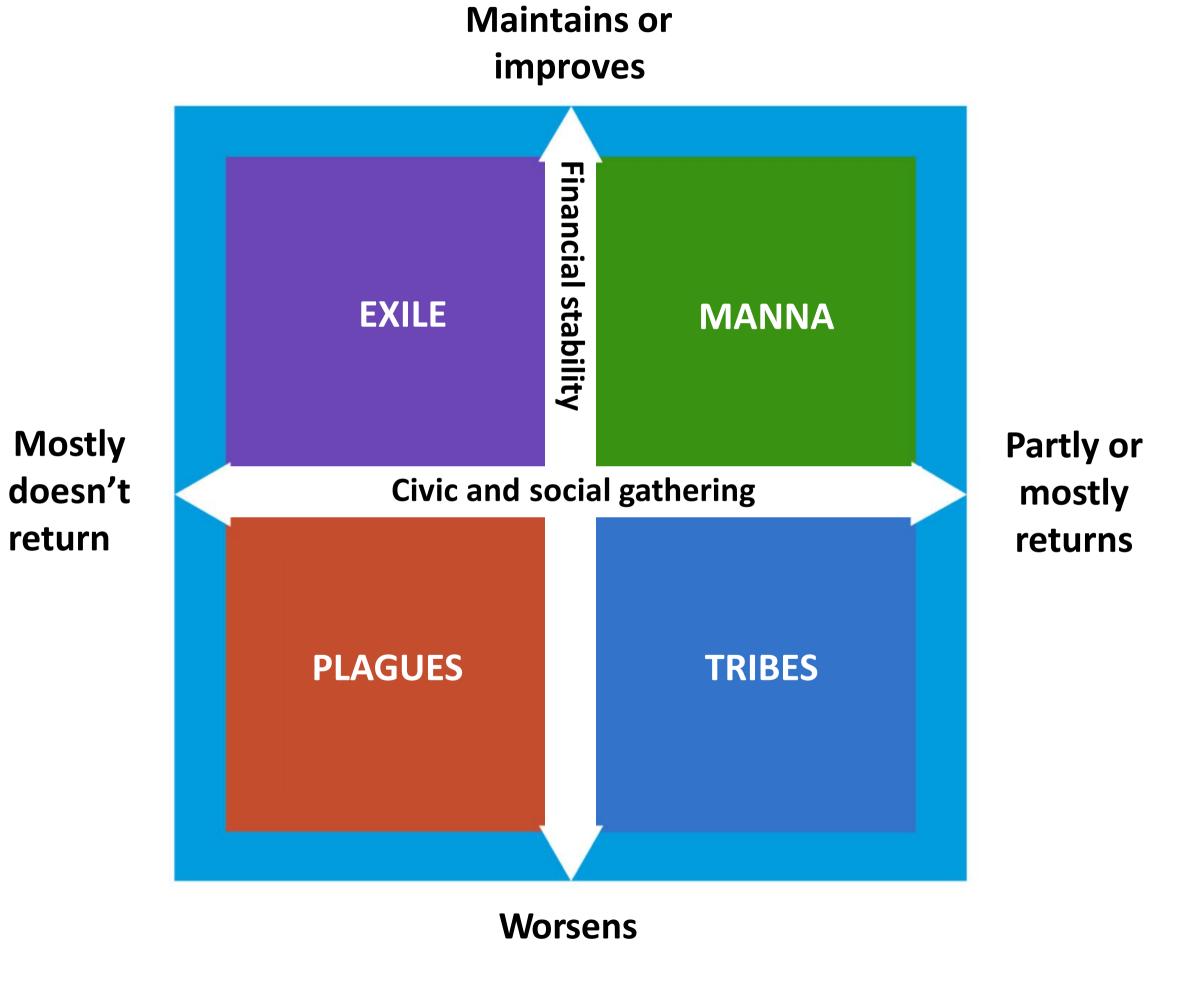
Given values and vision, capabilities and assets, what <u>should</u> we be doing over the next 24 months (and how)?

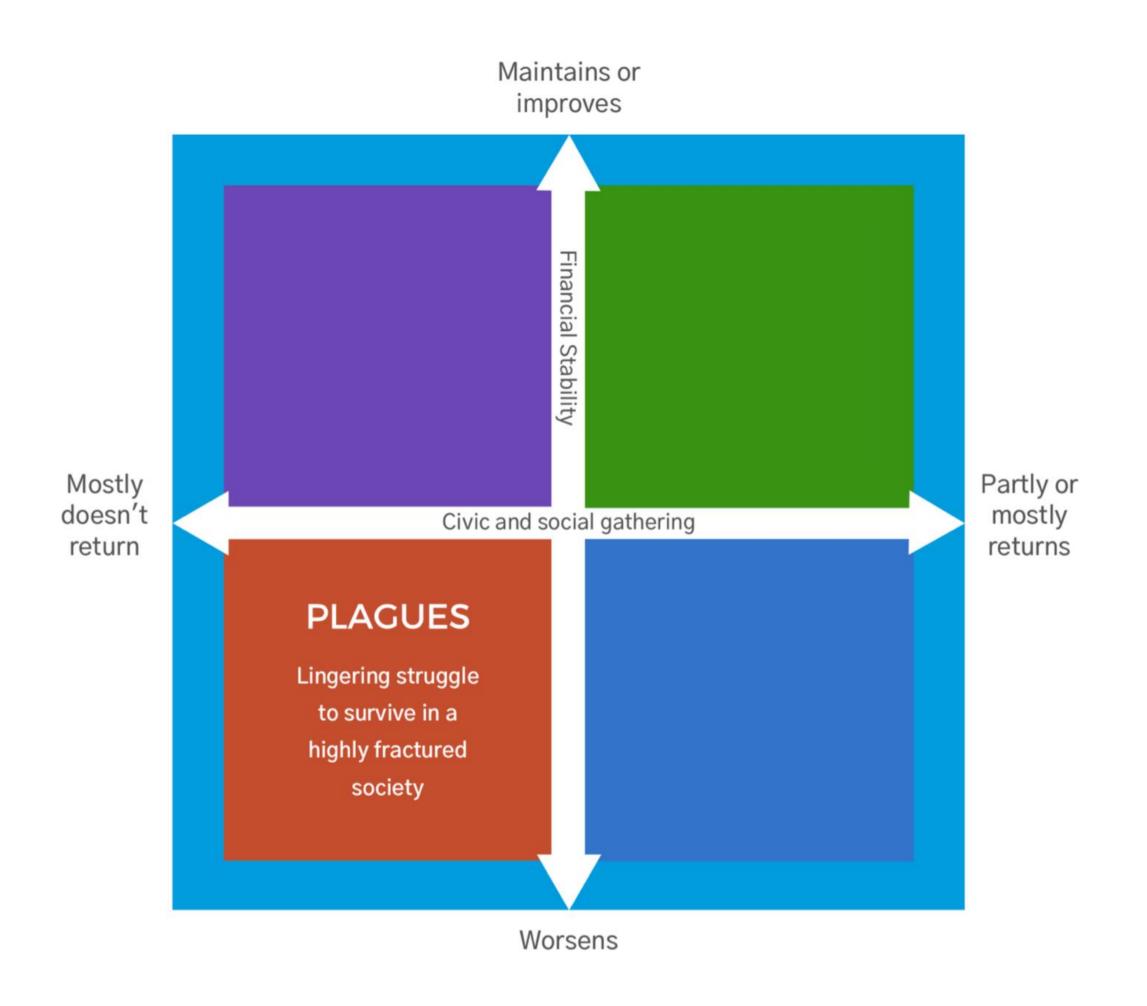
How we got to our scenarios

- Review of other COVID-19 scenario work
- Mass interview: ~500 people across 3 webinars
- Input from prominentsociologists
- 5 sessions with small working group across
 JFNA and broader Jewish network
- Review with Federation planners





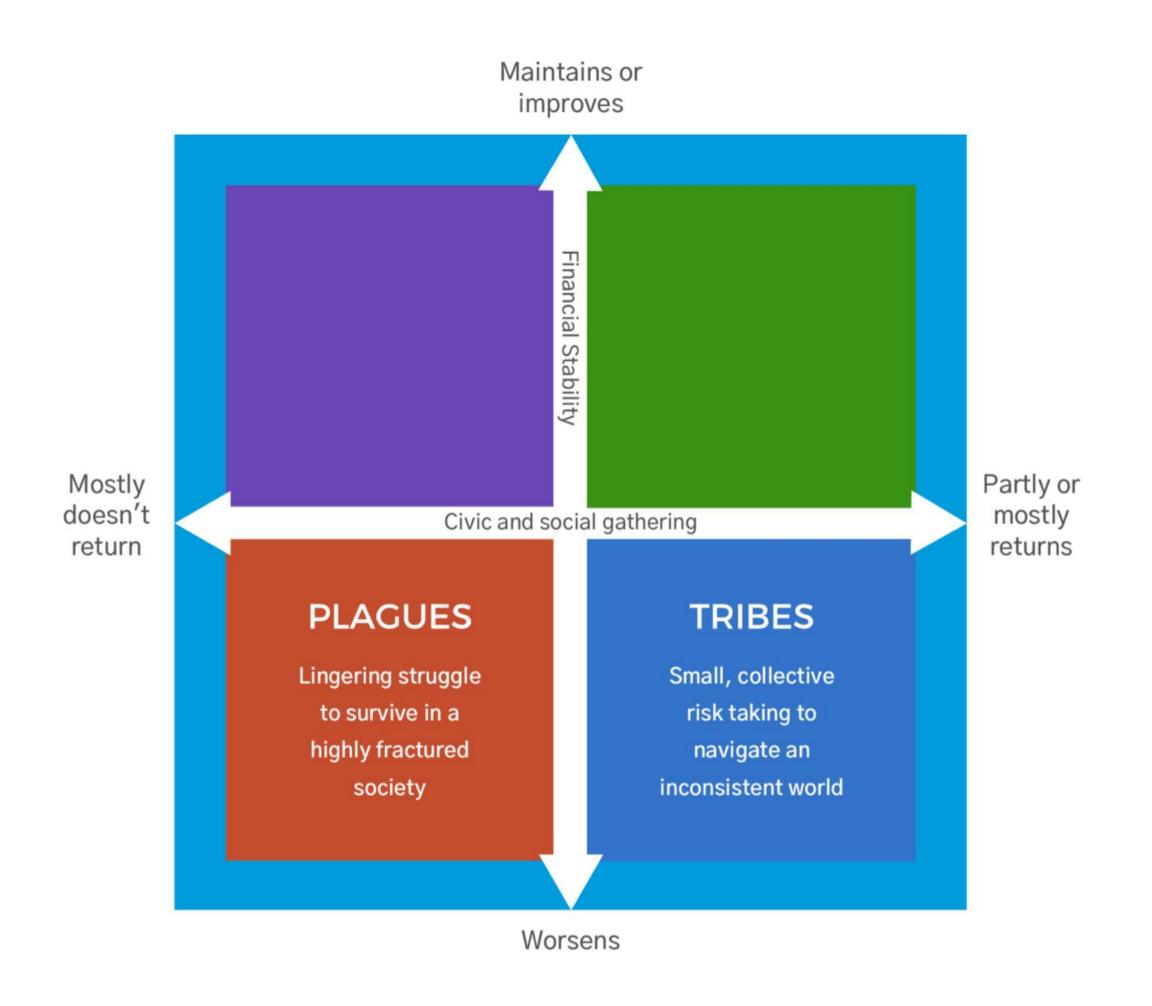




PLAGUES

The response to the health and economic crises becomes further politicized, leading to intentional misinformation and poor coordination in efforts to understand and contain the virus. Continued lockdowns stall reopening efforts. They are met with compliance in some places and resistance in others, while fear and uncertainty increases everywhere. Growing tensions reignite unresolved social issues, including racial injustices and economic disparity. Trust is harder to find, and the perceived risk of physical gatherings remains high, not just for health-related reasons but also due to violence and crime.

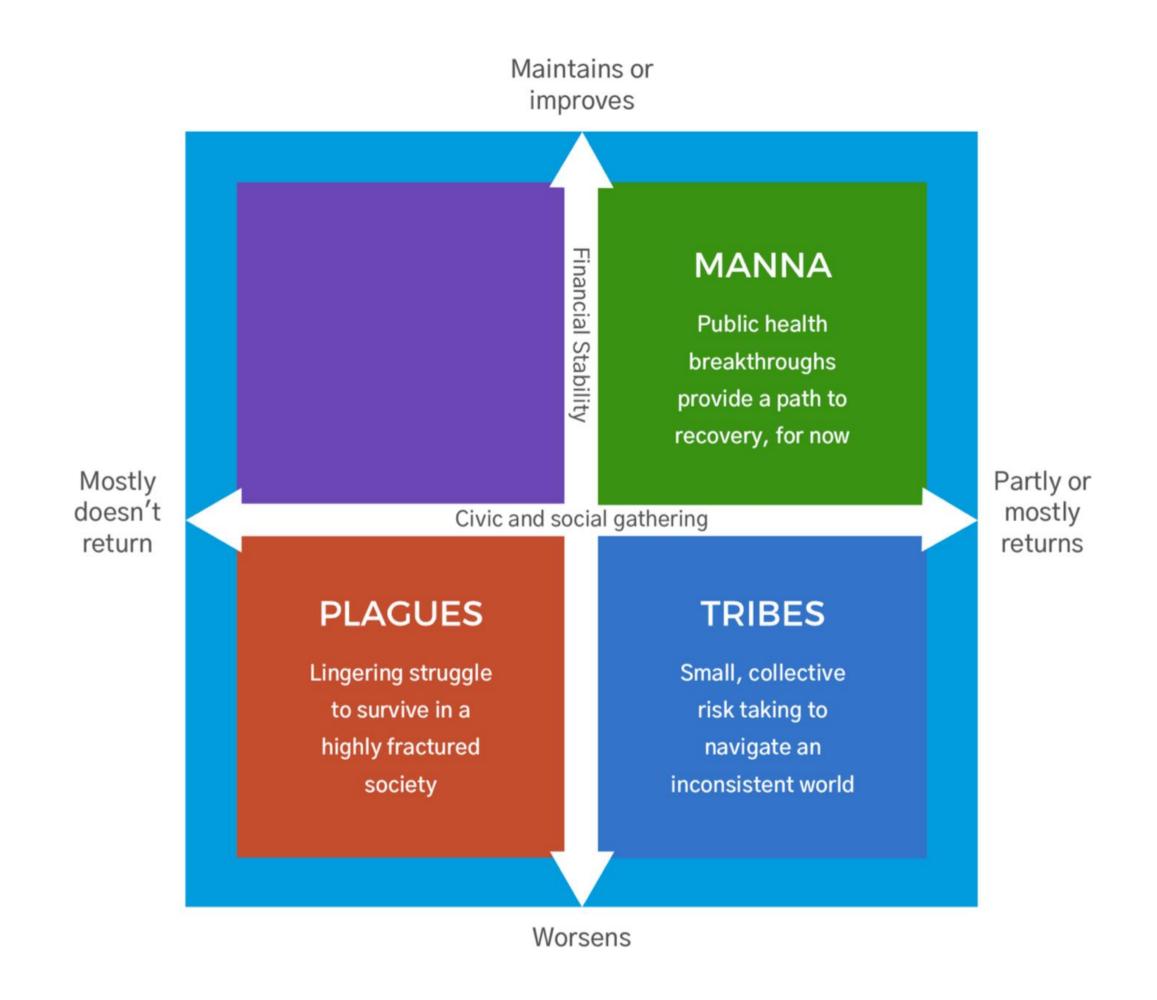
Market systems strain to adjust as the economy's ability to function disappears with continued limits on physical gathering domestically and trade disruption globally. Access to food and other basic household needs is intermittent, and income insecurity proliferates as jobs continue to be lost (except among the very wealthy or self-reliant). Personal health is a priority, and individuals do whatever it takes to look out for themselves and their immediate family, including avoiding any gathering deemed nonessential.



TRIBES

In the face of continued economic decline and social isolation, people are restless and anxious to get back to work and the other important aspects of their lives. Individuals willingly take certain types of risks to gather. Meanwhile, the lack of a coordinated national effort leads to different regions, states, and cities experimenting with different rules for containing virus transmission.

Given a patchwork of safety guidelines, and without clear and consistent legal precedents, organizations are mostly left to their own devices in implementing health and safety measures and assuming liability. Most physical gathering is highly resource intensive and capacity limited. As a result of continued health uncertainty and financial insecurity, people are exclusive and selective in the types of groups and people they spend time (and money) with, and they seek out trusted options that meet their personal standards of care.

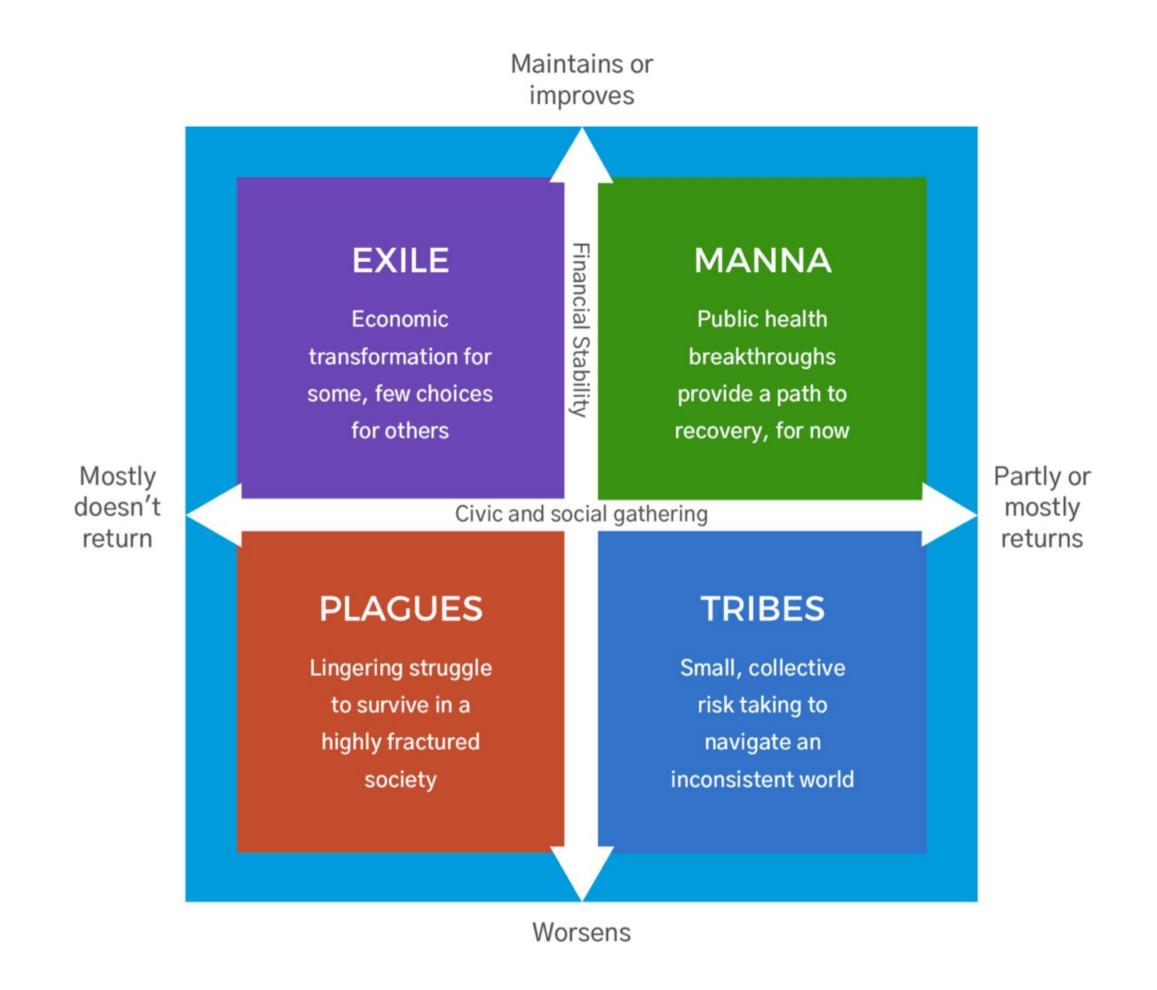


MANNA

There is a coordinated, highly technical approach to reopening. Global efforts drive health breakthroughs with a greater understanding of the virus, treatments that reduce effects, and standard containment guidelines. Governments shoulder the costs of testing and tracing services. A new public service corps helps manage the distribution and implementation of public health initiatives. Organizations still make changes to physical spaces, but the bar is lower given the reduced risks to individuals and organizations' ability to leverage the public health system.

At first, people cautiously gather but then gain confidence to broaden their movements. Individuals generally accept the new rules around personal tracking, mandatory quarantining, or shelter in place when necessary. However, for many, choices about where they spend time and with whom have been permanently altered due to recent traumatic experience.

As economic activity recovers, many feel they are on stable ground. However, noteveryone is back doing the same job as before, and some jobs do not return at all. Portions of the middle class in every community continue to slide into financial hardship. Even as life seems to be getting back to a semblance of the pre-virus normal, unintended consequences emerge, including rising stigmas against the vulnerable of those who were sick, and debates ramp up over data surveillance and privacy.

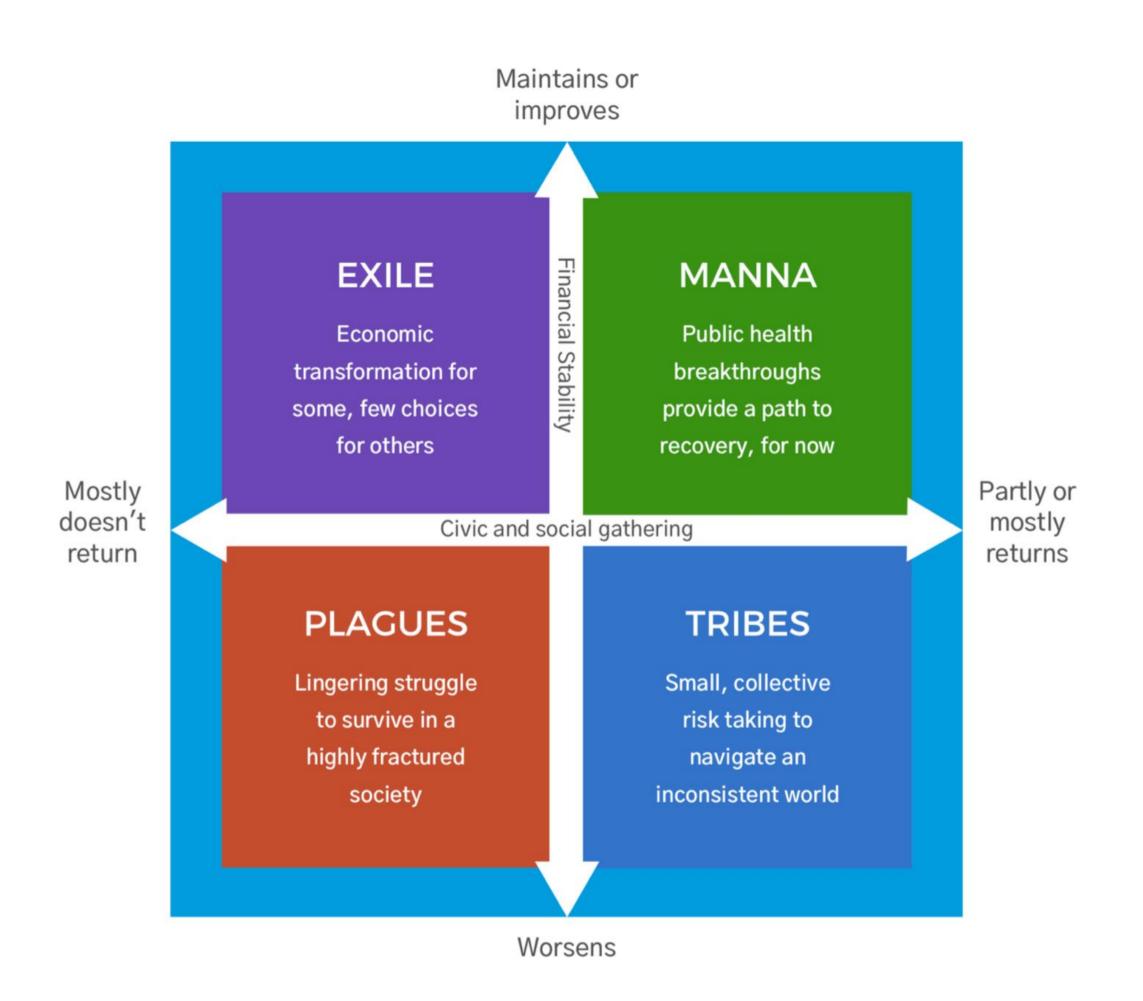


EXILE

Funding for collaboration, social networking, telehealth, and other relevant technology platforms accelerates, leading to a new digital lifestyle for those who can afford it. New employment opportunities open to those with the required skills and/or education, including otherwise unemployed youth, and this revitalizes key economic and social prospects for a good portion of the middle class, especially the upper-middle class. For those groups, physical distancing becomes much more bearable and in some cases is preferred.

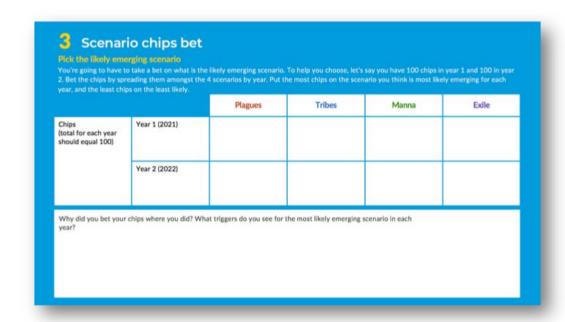
The demand for new ways of living and working remotely is partly driven by the desire of certain families to flee unhealthy environments and is partly due to societal shift from centralized, physical offices to an increasingly distributed (rural and ex-urban) and remote workforce. This not only changes the demographic makeup of many places but also leads to a massive split in the quality of life between different types of workforces and populations (e.g., creative/tech/office workers, shared economy workers, and essential workers). Two-thirds of the population is left behind because they cannot afford the transition to an expensive digital-first lifestyle, lack the training and personal networks needed to participate, or are in the wrong job at the wrong time.

Questions?

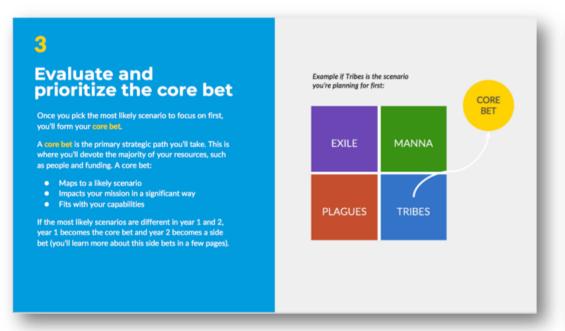


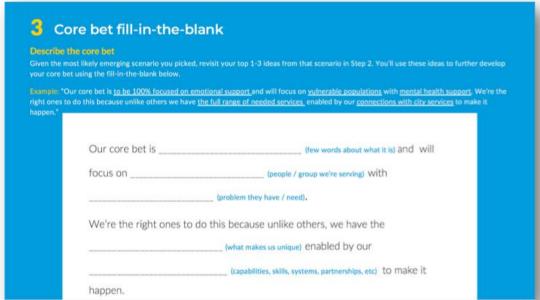
Getting to core/side bets

1. Align on likely emerging scenario(s)

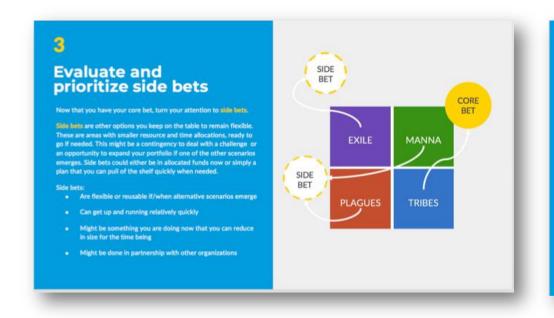


2. Define core bet





3. Identify and prioritize side bets

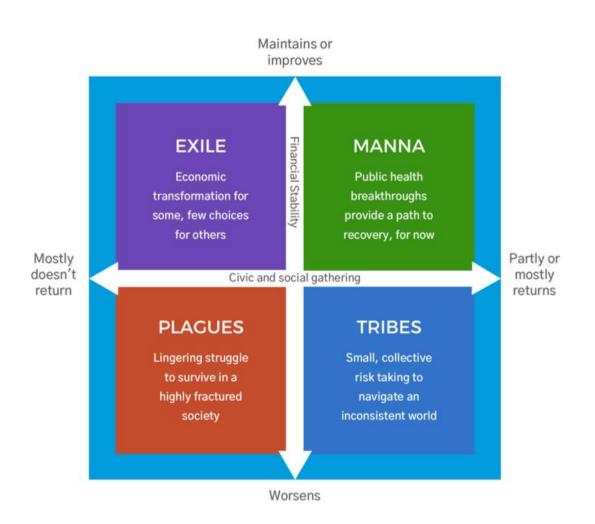


3 Side bets critical questions Determine side bets Now that you have your core bet, move to your side bets. Revisit your top 1-3 ideas from the other scenarios you identified as likely emerging and answer the questions to determine the best side bets.
Our side bet:
Will this help us achieve our purpose in a meaningful way?
Do we have the capabilities to do this well, and even better than others?
3. Can this be easily repurposed to other scenarios, if conditions change?
Can we accomplish or establish this quickly?
5. Do we have the funding to make this happen?
Is this something we can do in partnership with another organization?
7. Could someone be assigned to develop a plan for this that can be activated later if needed?

Poll: Current Assumptions

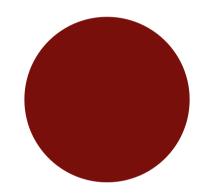
3 questions surrounding the possible scenarios

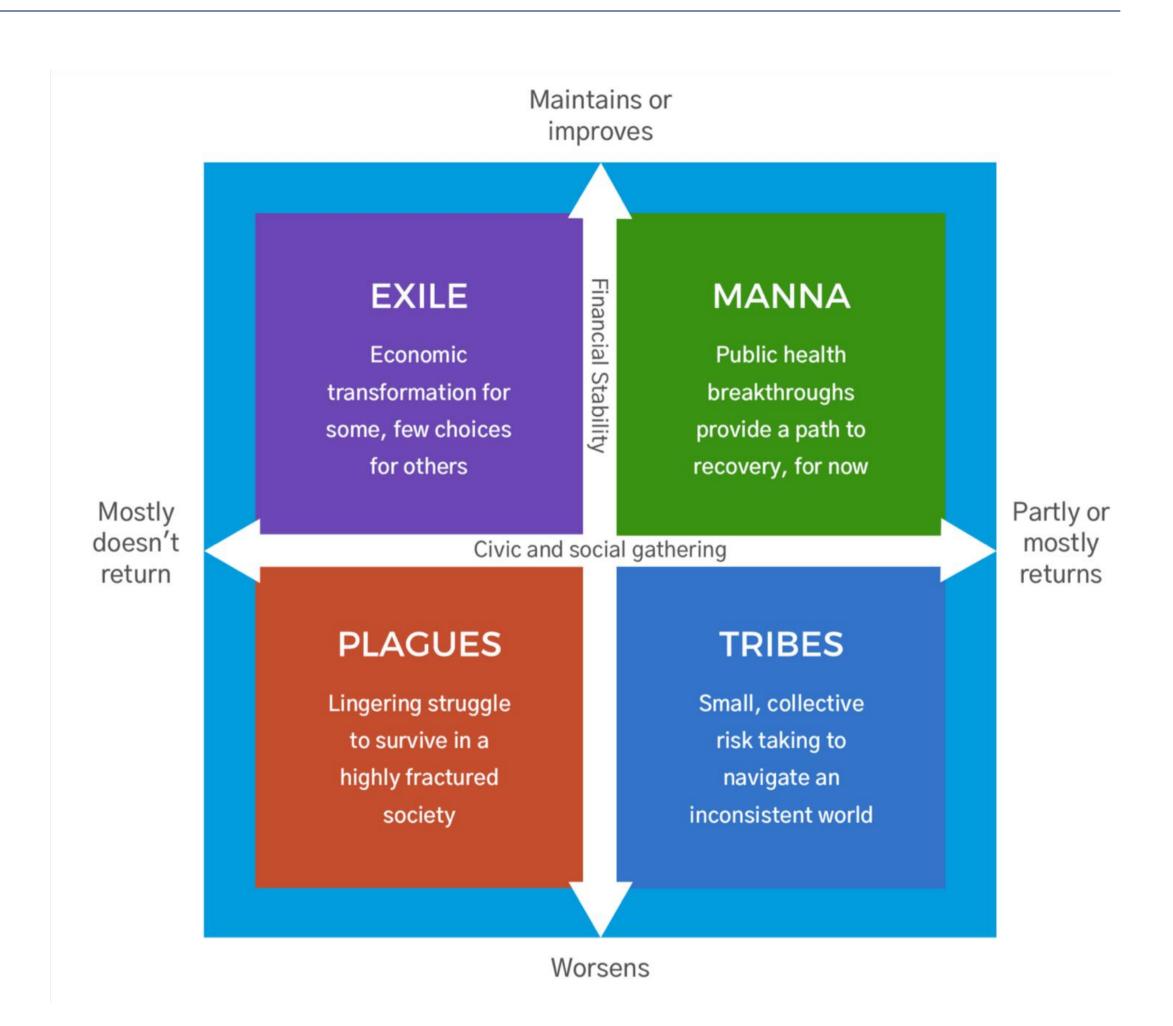
- 1. Manna
- 2. Tribes
- 3. Plagues
- 4. Exile



JewishTogether.org

Core Bet





PLAGUES

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Individual Exercise: Question 1

Under the most likely scenario identified......

What might the lives of those Human Service Agencies serve look and feel like in the next 24 months?

Use the chat box to let us know some of your insights... They will be used as we get into scenario planning with NJHSA!

Individual Exercise: Question 1

Under the most likely scenario identified......

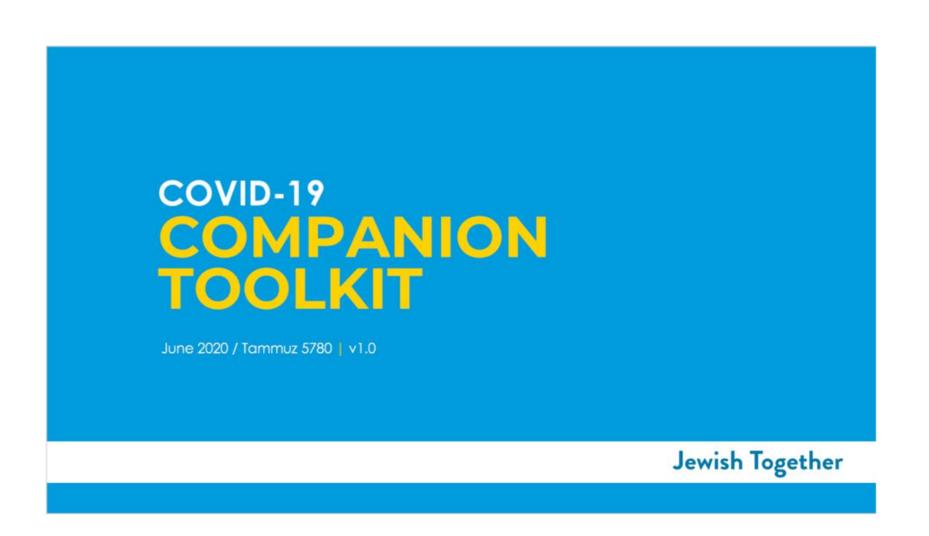
What 1 or 2 core capabilities of Human Service Agencies will be most critical under this scenario?

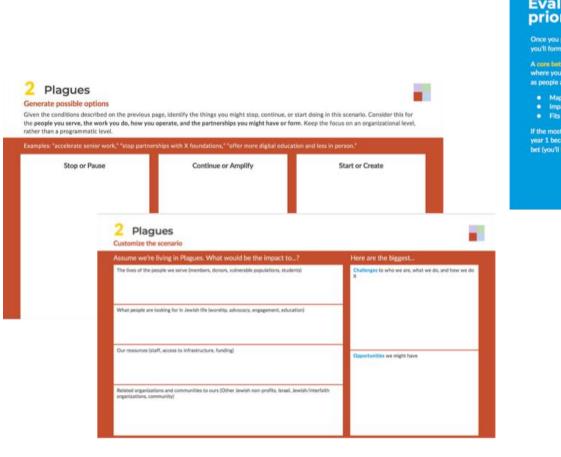
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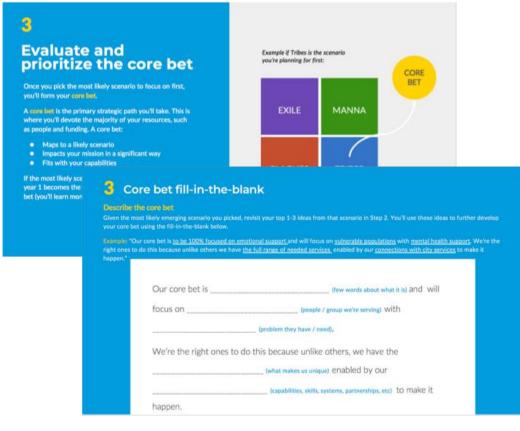
You Can Do It Too! Toolkit for Individual Organizations

The Toolkit (v1.5)

Download it now!







Toolkit Process

1

Analyze

2

Rehearse Each Future and Generate Options 3

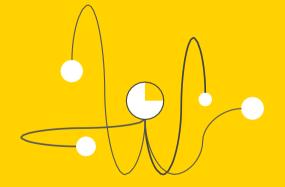
Evaluate and Prioritize

4

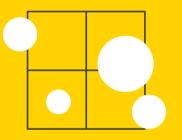
Plan



Understand our organization **today**



Explore **Future Possibilities**



Narrow the **list**



Define our organization **tomorrow**

Toolkit Proc

1

Analyze

2

Rehearse Each Future and Generate Options 3

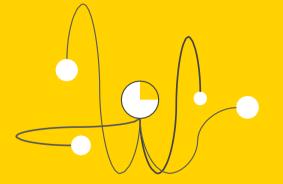
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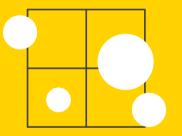
Plan



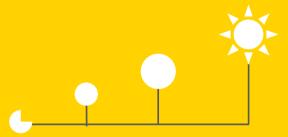
Understand our organization **today**



Explore **Future Possibilities**

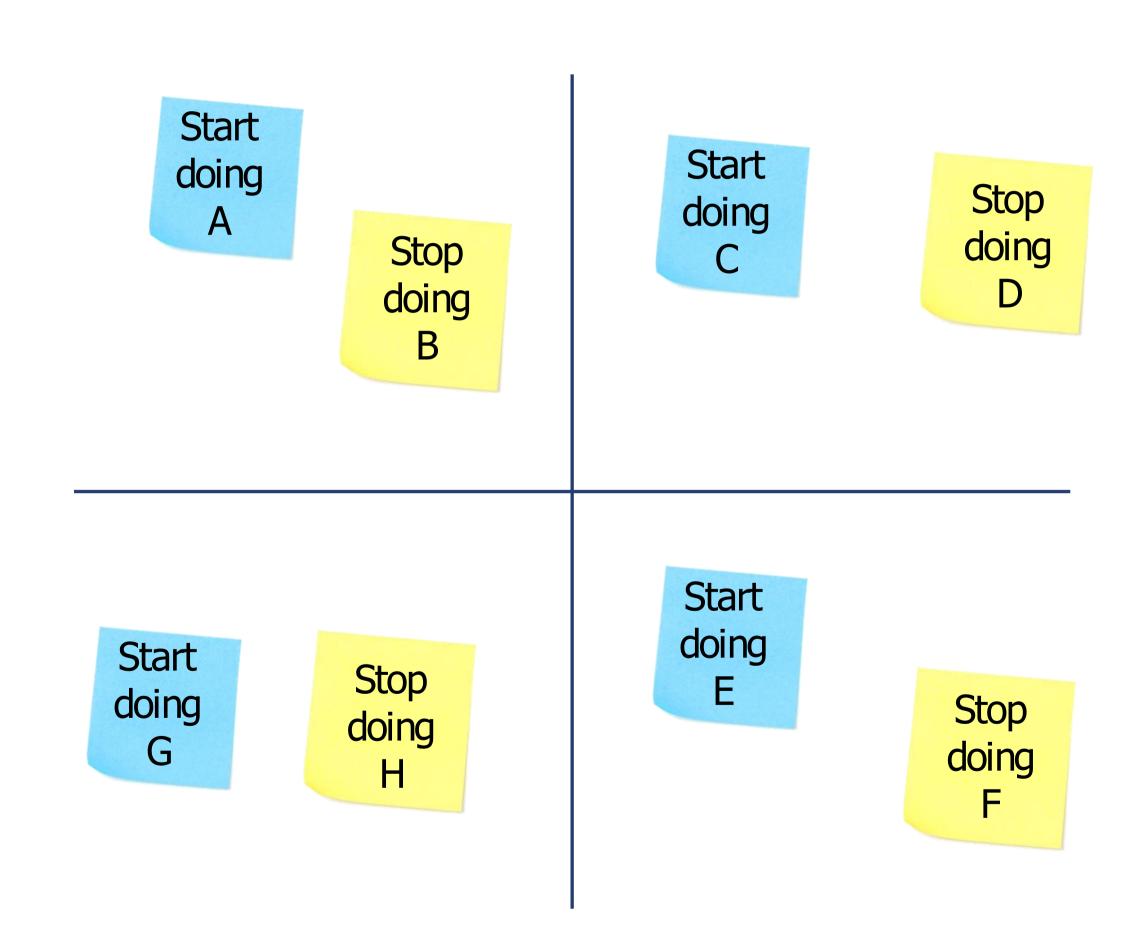


Narrow the **list**



Define our organization **tomorrow**

Step 2: Rehearsing the future



Toolkit Process

Subjective Incomplete Imperfect Hard

1

3

4

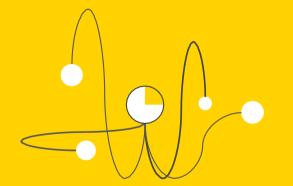
Analyze

Rehearse Each Future and Generate Options **Evaluate and Prioritize**

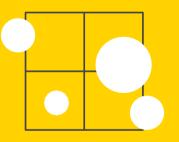
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Understand our organization **today**



Explore **Future Possibilities**

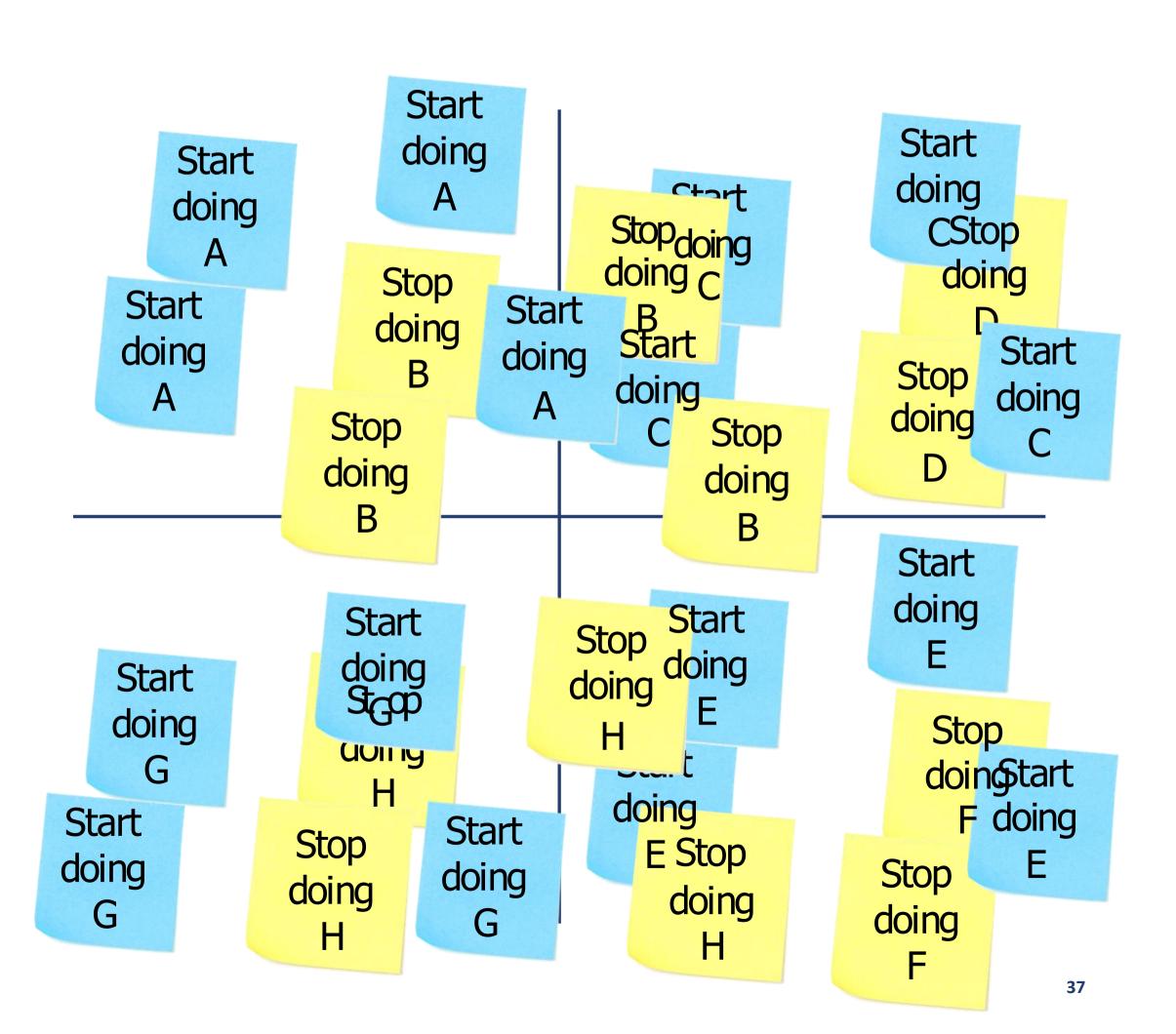


Narrow the **list**

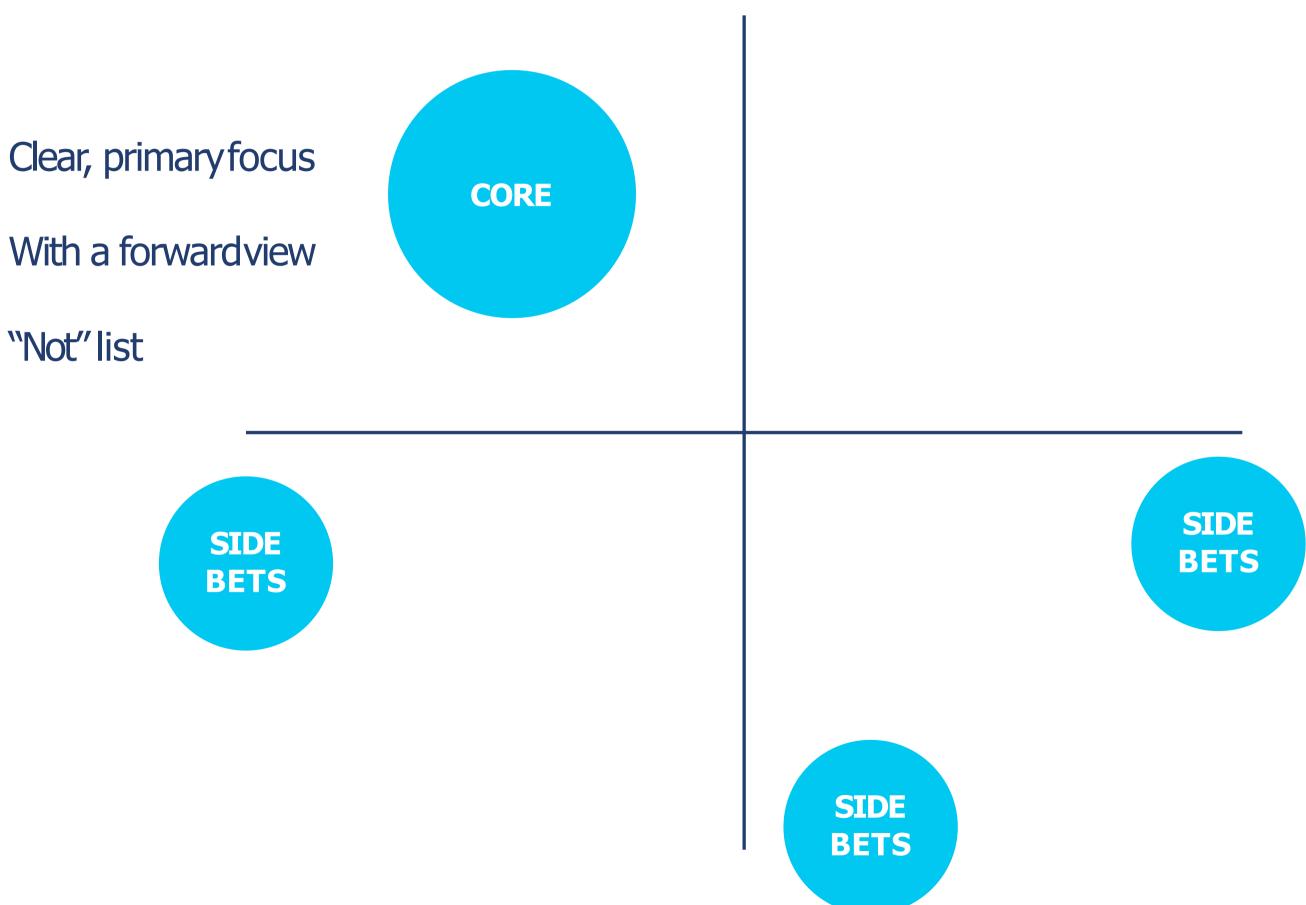


Define our organization **tomorrow**

Step 3: Creating aportfolio of bets



Step 3:
Creating aportfolio of bets



3 Core bet fill-in-the-blank

Describe the core bet

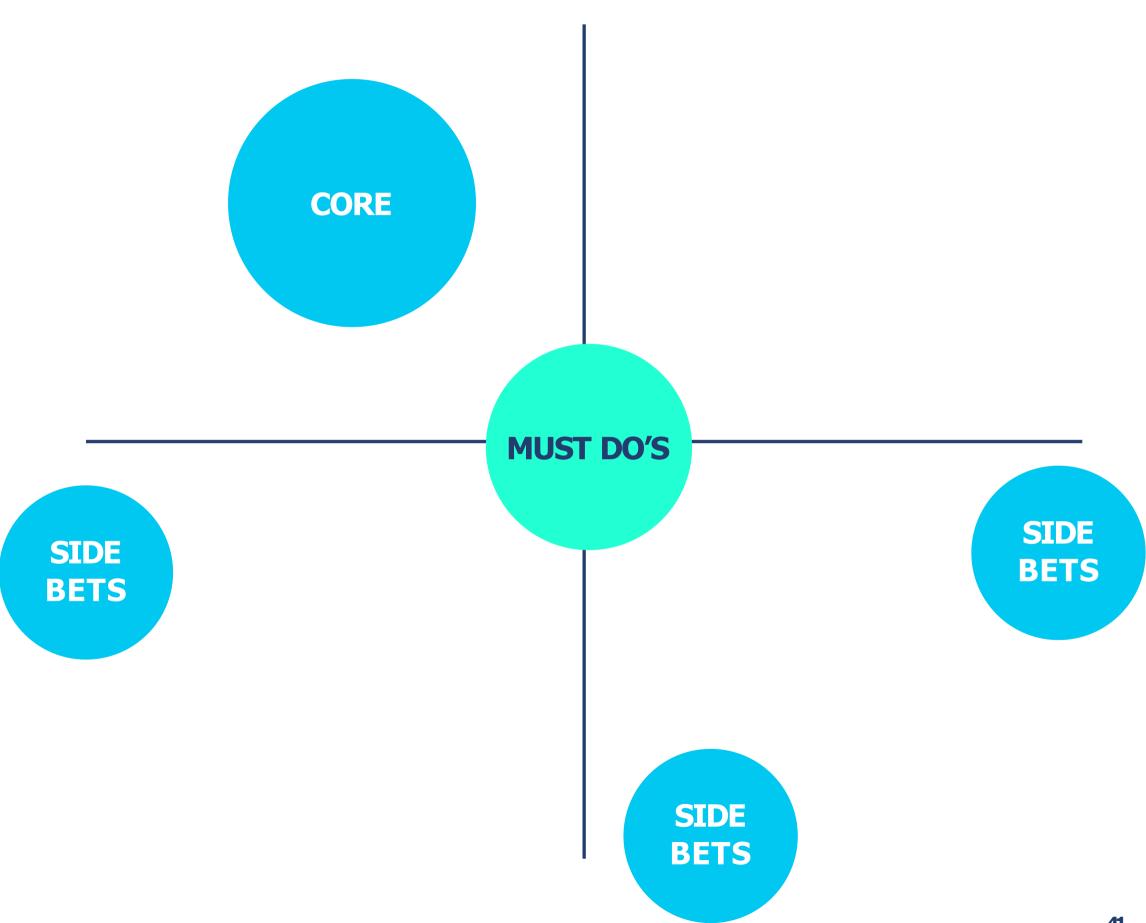
Given the most likely emerging scenario you picked, revisit your top 1-3 ideas from that scenario in Step 2. You'll use these ideas to further develop your core bet using the fill-in-the-blank below.

Example: "Our core bet is to be 100% focused on emotional support and will focus on vulnerable populations with mental health support. We're the right ones to do this because unlike others we have the full range of needed services enabled by our connections with city services to make it happen."

Our core bet is	(few words about what it is) and will		
focus on	(people / group we're serving) With		
(prol	olem they have / need).		
We're the right ones to do this b	because unlike others, we have the		
(V	vhat makes us unique) enabled by our		
	(capabilities, skills, systems, partnerships, etc) to make it		
happen.			

Step 3:

Creating aportfolio of bets



Toolkit Process

1

Analyze

2

Rehearse Each Future and Generate Options 3

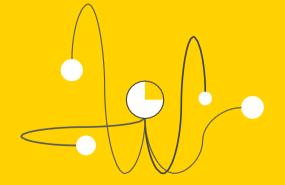
Evaluate and Prioritize

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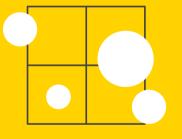
Plan



Understand our organization **today**



Explore **Future Possibilities**



Narrow the **list**



Define our organization **tomorrow**

Toolkit Process

Goal: Structured, strategic conversation

1

3

4

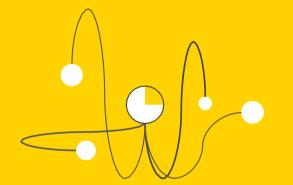
Analyze

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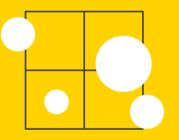
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Understand our organization **today**



Explore **Future Possibilities**

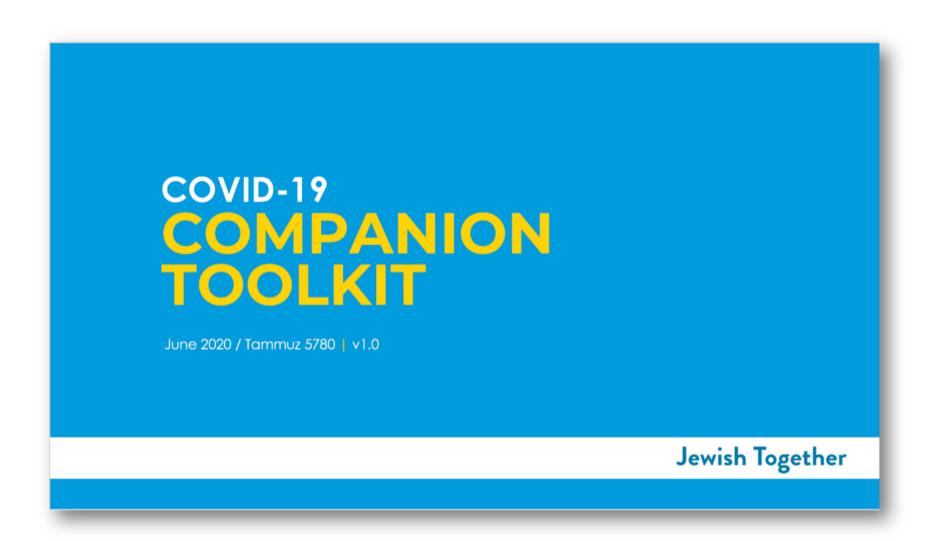


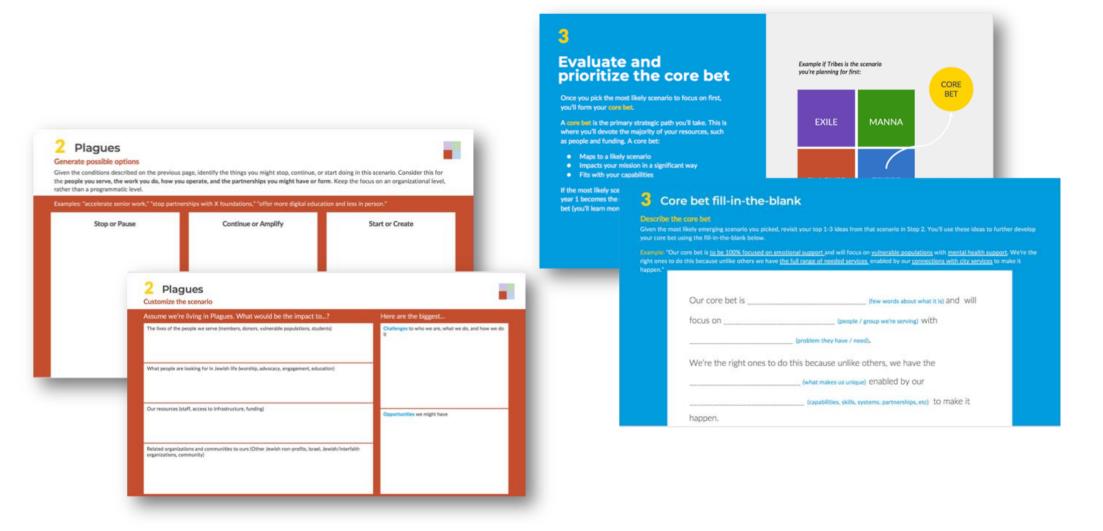
Narrow the **list**



Define our organization **tomorrow**

Quick Walkthrough







Different Levels of Decision Making

Programming/operating

- > What weoffer
- > How it is designed/delivered
- > How westaff
- What itcosts
- > Who pays

"Fitness center with COVIDsafeguards, limited capacity..."

"Small events only..."

"Outdoor classes and 1-1 learning only..."

"75% virtual..."



Different Levels of Decision Making

Organizational strategy

- > Who we are
- > What wedo
- > How we do it well
- > Funding mix

Programming/operating

- What weoffer
- How it is designed/delivered
- How westaff
- What it costs
- Who pays

"Promote and provide wellness for kids and their families across the country, based on expertise and tailored facilities..."

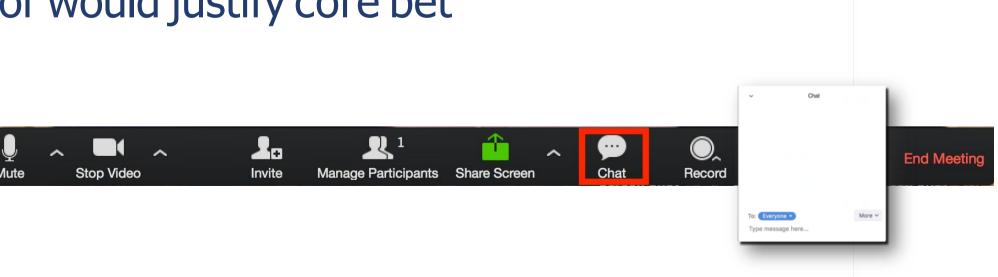
"Focus on seniors, with multiple forms of care and support, based on deep relationships and knowledge of this population..."

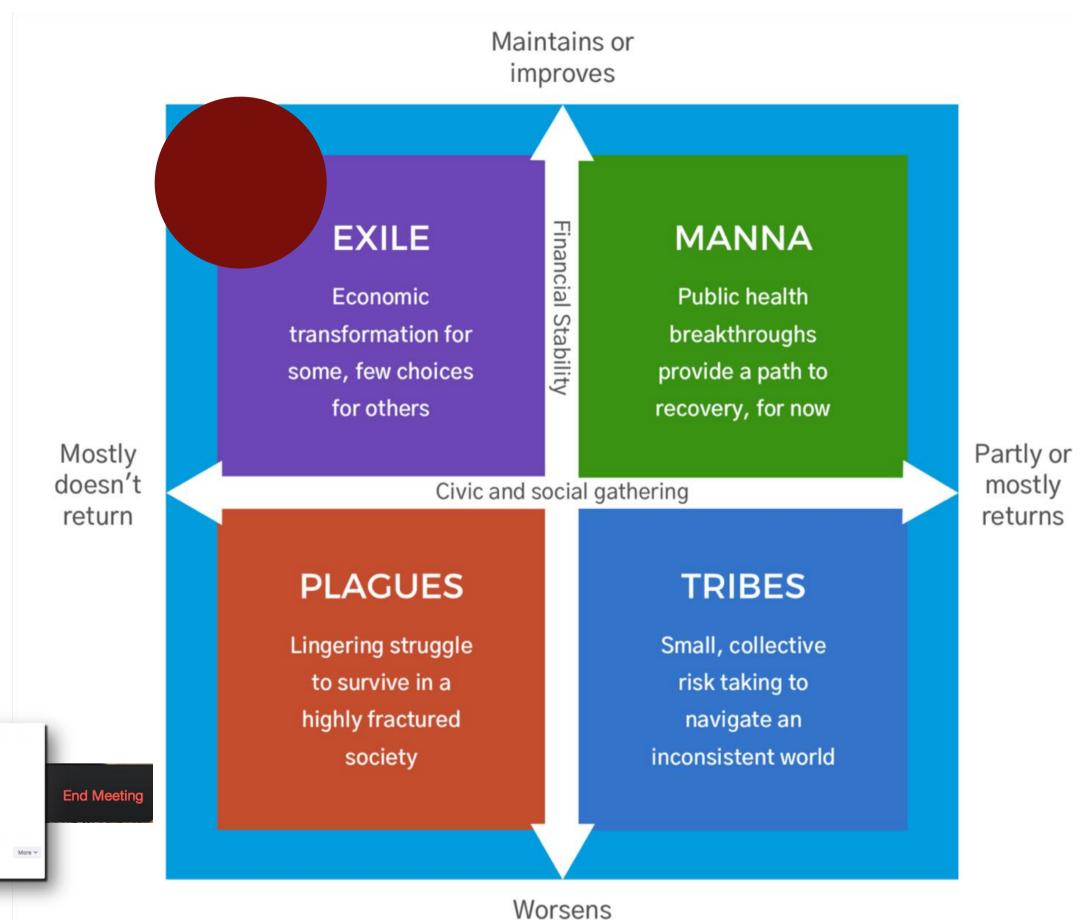
"Safe place for local Jewish community to gather, for any type of activity, evolving over time..."

Individual Exercise: Uniqueness

1or 2 things you do uniquely, or can offer that others do not?

Should be something that you could build a core bet around, or would justify core bet





Strategy Frameworks / Concepts

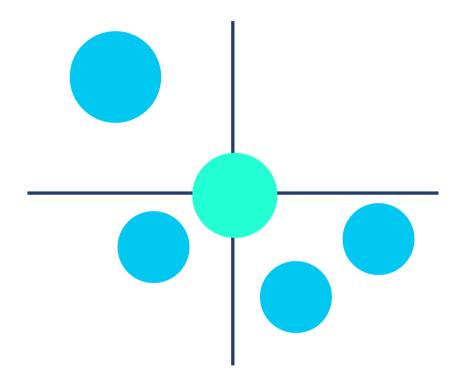
Jim Collins, Good to Great

Roger Martin and A.G. Laffley, *Playing to Win*

Beth Cousens, What Do We Say No To?

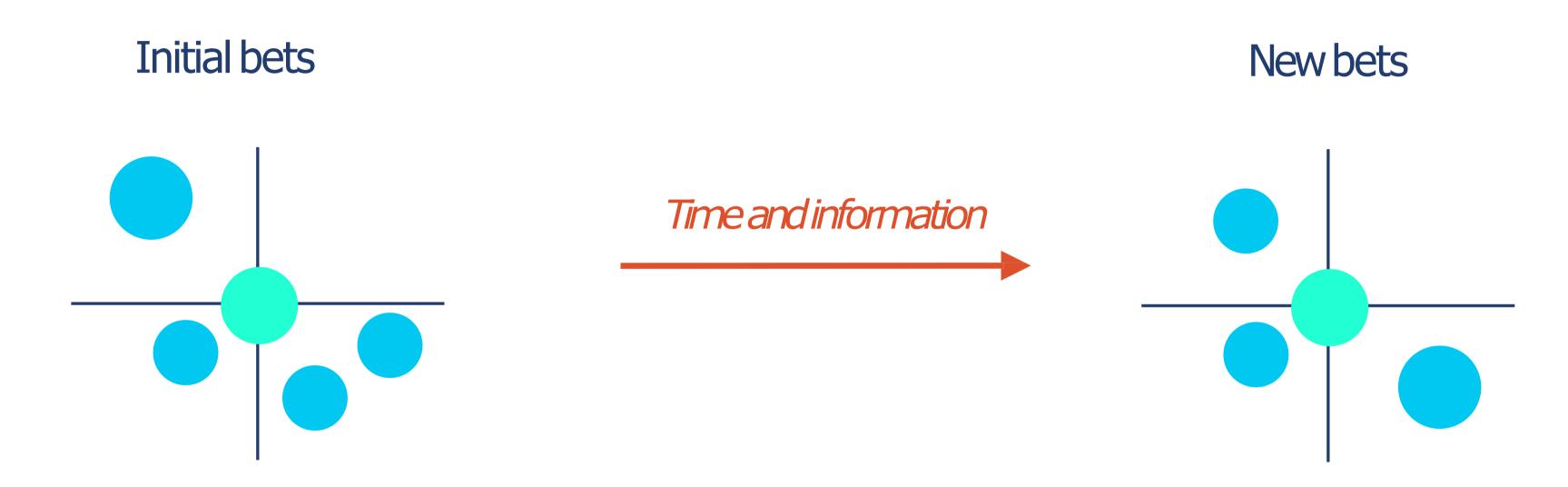
Adapting tochange

Initial bets



- Emergent scenario(s)
- Impact on mission
- Fit with our unique capabilities
- Flexibility/re-usability
- Response time needed

Adapting tochange



- Emergent scenario(s)
- Impact on mission
- Fit with our unique capabilities
- Flexibility/re-usability
- Response time needed

4 Must do's across all the scenarios



Look for areas of organizational improvement

Hopefully, through this process you've seen the need for greater organizational flexibility and other areas of general improvement required in the future. Before planning further, take a moment to identify changes required to be a more responsive organization overall.

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What costs can we reduce to preserve cash while still keeping our options open?

What core capabilities do we need to lean into more and/or develop further (such as a particular expertise, set of relationships, systems, etc)?

What organizational or process changes can we make to operate more effectively?

How might we adjust our planning for shorter cycles while maintaining our long-term vision?

Questions

Use the "Q&A" feature to ask questions. We'll do our best to address your questions!



Next Steps

ThankYou



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2020 Executive Forum

October 28 @ I p.m. ET- Final Webinar

Taking action and highlighting critical opportunities to build on the collective strength of our Human Service Agencies, especially in uncertain times, is the most important outcome of our scenario planning process.

The culmination of this process is in fact the beginning of another:

How we will all make change in our organizations to continue serving our communities as Jewish Human Service Agencies.

For other upcoming offerings and the link to the final Executive Forum webinar, please visit the Members Only section of our website www.networkjhsa.org.